

# Nxera Pharma

## FY2024 Financial Results

12-month period ended December 31, 2024

14 February 2025 | Nxera Pharma Co., Ltd. (TSE: 4565)

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## Agenda

- 01 Financial Results
- 02 Operational Highlights
- 03 Japan /APAC Commercial Business
- 04 R&D Progress
- 05 FY2025 Objectives and beyond
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# Financial Results

Hironoshin Nomura, CFO

01

## Financial summary for FY2024

Revenue grew significantly due to M&A and partner milestones. Most non-recurring core costs ceased in 2024.

### Revenue

#### Revenue of JPY28,835m (+126% | JPY12,766m in the prior year)

- PIVLAZ<sup>®</sup> sales grew significantly from JPY6.1bn to JPY12.7bn due to market penetration and full-year sales contribution (vs. 5 months in FY2023)
- Milestones increased from JPY2.3bn to JPY11.2bn due to the progress of partnered programs

### Profit

#### Core Operating Profit of JPY3,606m (Core Operating Loss of JPY3,076 in the prior year)

- R&D and SG&A expenses were lower than the cost estimates at the beginning of the year as the integration progressed well
- Operating Loss of JPY5,423m (Operating Loss of JPY9,526m in the prior year)
  - Non-core costs of JPY9,029m with additional CoS charge and non-recurring integration costs
  - Most of non-recurring integration costs and additional CoS charge ceased in FY2024

### Cash

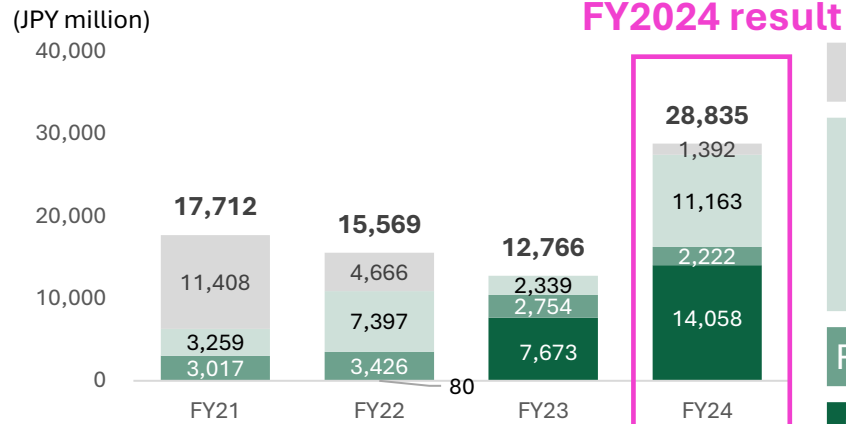
#### Cash/Cash equivalents/Fix deposit: JPY36.2bn (JPY49.0bn in the prior year)

- Purchased QUVIVIQ<sup>™</sup> API (equivalent to more than one year of supply) to ensure the stable supply of QUVIVIQ<sup>™</sup> in advance

# Key financial indicators

NPJ/NPK product sales and cost base fully included in FY2024. Milestones increased due to progress of partnered programs

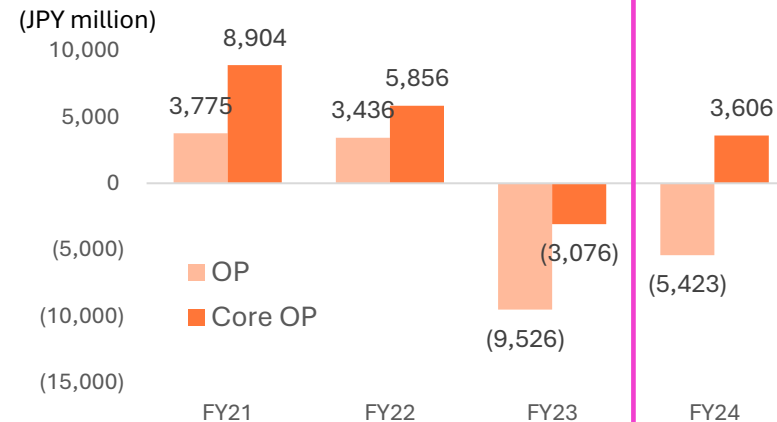
## Revenue



### Major factors

- Upfront<sup>1</sup>**
  - New option-to-license deal signed with Boehringer (March).
- Milestone<sup>2</sup>**
  - USD15m M4 development milestone from Neurocrine (April).
  - USD10m milestone from AbbVie (June).
  - USD35m M4 Ph2 success milestone from Neurocrine (Sept).
- Royalty / Other**
  - Royalties from Respiratory Portfolio with Novartis decreased.
- Product Sales**
  - Increase in PIVLAZ<sup>®</sup> sales and full inclusion in 2024.

## Operating Profit / Loss



- R&D**
  - Increased investment in R&D activities for clinical trials.
  - Inclusion of NPJ/NPK related R&D costs.
- Cost of Sales**
  - Inclusion of PIVLAZ<sup>®</sup> product supply costs.
  - Additional non-cash CoS charge relating to PIVLAZ<sup>®</sup> inventory.
- G&A**
  - Inclusion of NPJ/NPK related G&A costs.
  - Integration costs (incl. company name change).
  - Amortization of intangible assets (PIVLAZ<sup>®</sup>).

<sup>1</sup> Upfront fee revenue recognised at deal inception

<sup>2</sup> Milestone revenue recognised at milestone event + deferred revenue releases

# Breakdown of 2024 results

Impact of Non-cash/Non-recurring costs was more significant in 2024 due to the inclusion of the Idorsia businesses

(JPY million)	NPC / NPU*1	+	NPJ / NPK*2	=	Consolidated P&L (Core)	+	Non-cash costs	+	Non-recurring Costs	=	Consolidated P&L (IFRS)
Revenue	14,847		13,988		28,835						28,835
Cost of Sales + SG&A	(7,015)		(8,963)		(15,978)		<b>A</b> (2,401) PIVLAZ® inventory adjustment <b>B</b> (1,362) Amortization - Product IP <b>C</b> (1,160) Integration <b>D</b> (2,730) Other				(23,630)
R&D	(9,258)		(1,242)		(10,500)		<b>D</b>		(1,316)		(11,816)
Other income	1,272		(23)		1,249		<b>D</b>		(60)		1,189
<b>OP/Core OP</b>	<b>(154)</b>		<b>3,760</b>		<b>Core OP 3,606</b>		<b>Total : 9,029</b>				<b>OP (5,423)</b>

M&A related costs

- A** Additional CoS charge for PIVLAZ® stock which completed by 3Q 2024.
- B** Amortization of intangible assets (currently relates to PIVLAZ®). Annual charge to increase to c. JPY 1,800m per year from 2025.
- C** Integration costs including IT system integration and Corporate rebranding. Will significantly decrease in 2025.

Other

- D** Amortization of other intangible assets (e.g. IP), depreciation (e.g. laboratory equipment), share-based payments and other restructuring costs.

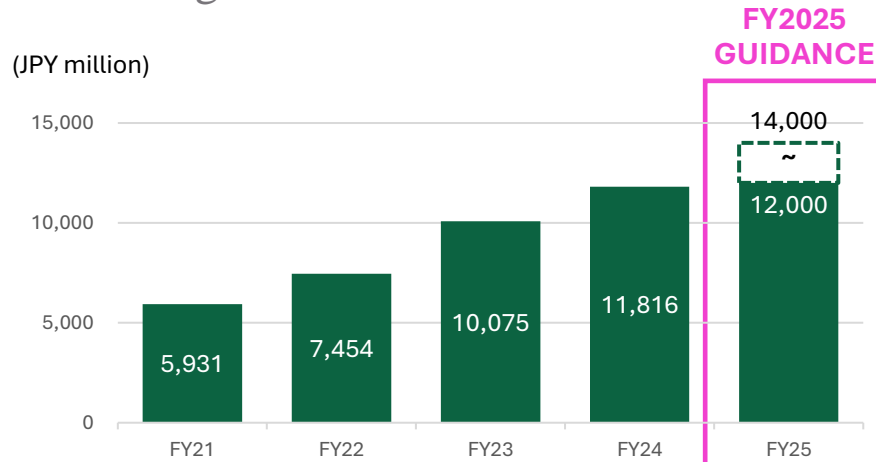
\*1 = Nxera Pharma Co. Ltd. (formerly Sosei Group Corporation) + Nxera Pharma UK Ltd (formerly Heptares Therapeutics Ltd.) + Sosei K.K

\*2 = Nxera Pharma Japan (formerly Idorsia Pharmaceuticals Japan) + Nxera Pharma Korea (formerly Idorsia Pharmaceuticals Korea)



# Full year cost guidance for FY2025

Slight increase in R&D expenses with progression of programs into later stages of development and in-licensing of one or more late-stage candidates. Lower to flat SG&A expenses through streamlining costs

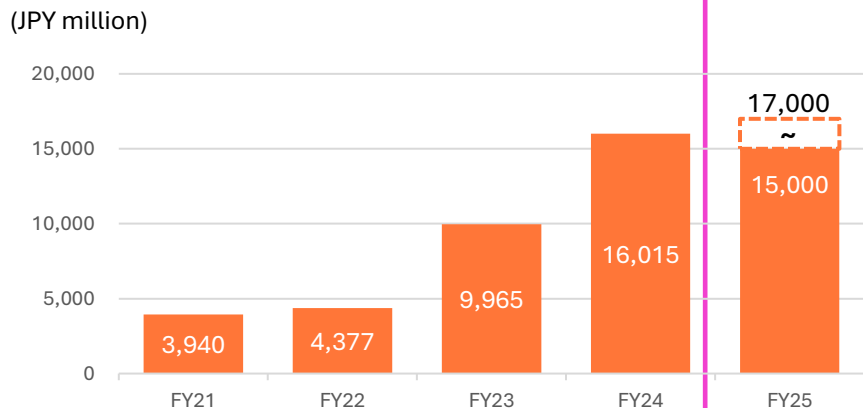


## R&D expenses (IFRS basis)

JPY12,000 to JPY14,000m

### Key points in FY2025

- Incremental investment in platform technology.
- In-house programs (EP4 ant., EP4 ago., GPR52 ago.) moving into Ph1b - Ph2.
- Clinical development of one or more in-licensed late-stage assets in Japan.



## S&M + G&A expenses (IFRS basis)

JPY15,000 to JPY17,000m

### Key points in FY2025

- Investment in technology to increase efficiency and deliver future growth.
- Increase in amortization as QUVIVIQ™ has launched.
- Lower or flat SG&A expenses vs. FY2024 through cost savings.








# Operational Highlights

Chris Cargill, President and CEO

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## Recap of FY2024 Priority Objectives

- |    |   |  |
|----|---|--|
| 01 | <u>JPY 15-16 billion</u> NHI sales for PIVLAZ®  | ✓ JPY 15.2Bn   |
| 02 | <u>JNDA approval</u> for daridorexant in Japan  | ✓ Sep. 2024  |
| 03 | Acquire/in-license <u>at least one</u> late-stage medicine for Japan/APAC (ex-China)                        | <i>Ongoing discussions</i>   |
| 04 | Execute <u>at least one</u> new major partnership, and initiate <u>at least one</u> new in-house Ph.1 study | ✓ GPR52 ag.  Boehringer Ingelheim<br>✓ EP4 ag. (In-house)<br>✓  <small>不眠症治療薬 / レムネン® 錠 25mg 50mg</small>  SHIONOGI |
| 05 | <u>PMI investment</u> in new brand concept, plus systems and applications for efficiency and scalability    | ✓ Successfully executed  |

## Advancing as a global biopharma with strong foundations

### CORPORATE MILESTONES

- ✓ Rebranding from Sosei Heptares to Nxera Pharma
- ✓ Senior team strengthened with appointments of new COO and CMO
- ✓ PMI investment in new brand concept and IT infrastructure

### UK R&D

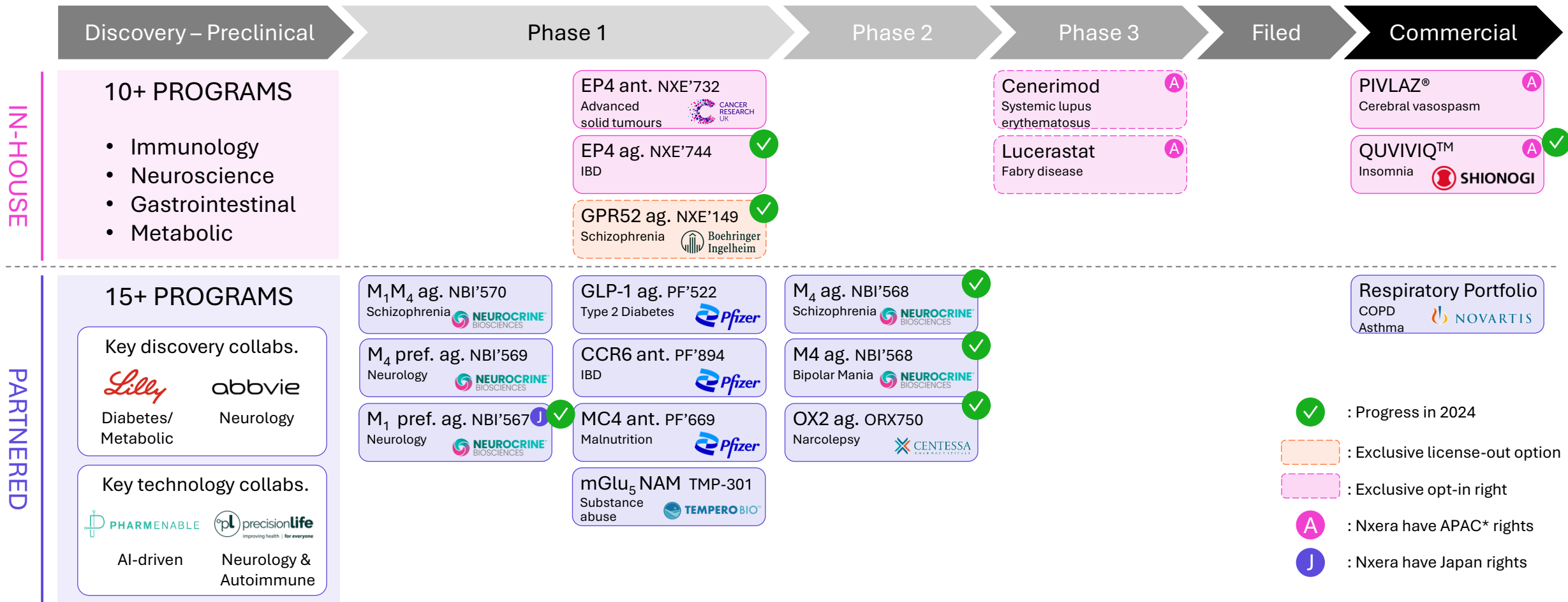
- ✓ New option-to-license deal with Boehringer Ingelheim (GPR52 agonists)
- ✓ Successful Ph2 study of NBI-568 (M4 agonist)
- ✓ ORX750 entered Ph2 study (OX2 agonist)
- ✓ NBI-567 entered Ph1 study (M1 preferring agonist)
- ✓ NXE'744 entered Ph1 study (EP4 agonist)

### JAPAN/APAC BUSINESS

- ✓ PIVLAZ<sup>®</sup> established strong position in Japan
- ✓ Japan NDA approval and launch of QUVIVIQ<sup>™</sup>
- ✓ Commercial partnership with Shionogi for QUIVIVQ<sup>™</sup>
- ✓ Daridorexant entered Ph3 study in South Korea

Accelerating science, expanding capabilities and delivering impact

# Broad and balanced pipeline with two recently launched products driving top-line growth



Clinical pipeline quickly shifting towards late-stage clinical development



# Delivering science with commercial potential

## Nxera's Commercialized Products

1

Neurological disorders – diseases of ageing

**PIVLAZ®**



– prevention of cerebral vasospasm in patients with Aneurysmal Subarachnoid Hemorrhage (aSAH)

2

Neurological disorders – quality of life diseases

**QUVIVIQ™**



– treatment of adult patients with insomnia

**JPY30–35bn** product sales by 2030  
(plus, multiple other programs in discovery/development)

## Partnered Products (Discovered by Nxera/with NxWave™ tech)

3

Neurological disorders – psychiatric / cognition



– **Muscarinic agonists**

4

Neurological disorders – QOL diseases - sleep



– **Orexin 2 agonists**

5

Metabolic diseases – QOL diseases - T2D / obesity



– **GLP-1 agonist**

**Up to JPY250bn** royalty revenues at peak  
(plus, multiple other programs in discovery/development)



# Japan/APAC Commercial Business

President of Nxera Pharma Japan and Chief Medical Officer

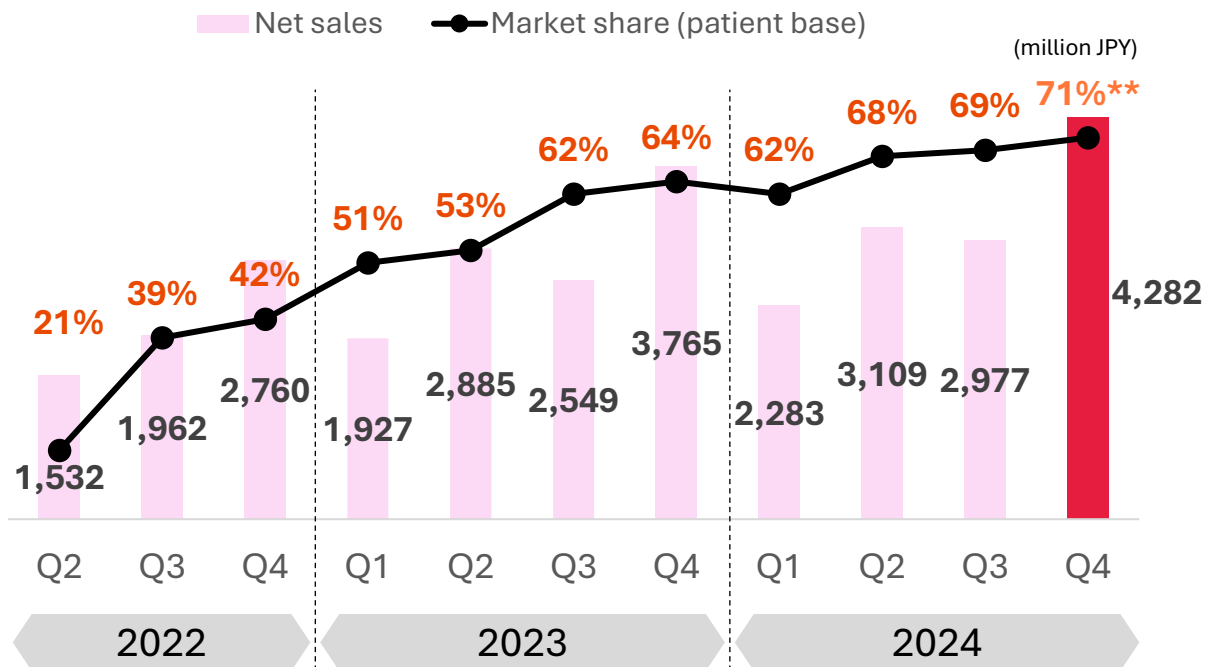
03

# 1 PIVLAZ® (clazosentan, an endothelin A antagonist)

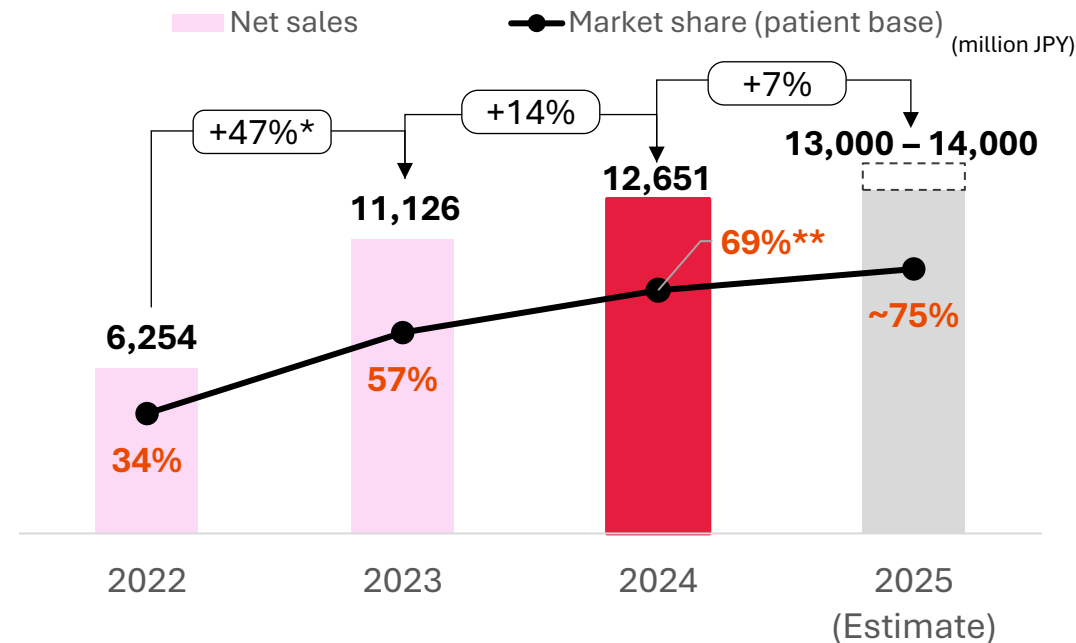
Our first commercially available product for the prevention of cerebral vasospasm in patients with Aneurysmal Subarachnoid Haemorrhage (aSAH)



### Quarterly PIVLAZ® Net Sales



### Annual PIVLAZ® sales and its growth



PIVLAZ® has rapidly built awareness and is becoming the standard of care with neurosurgeons

Source: MDV DPC hospital data

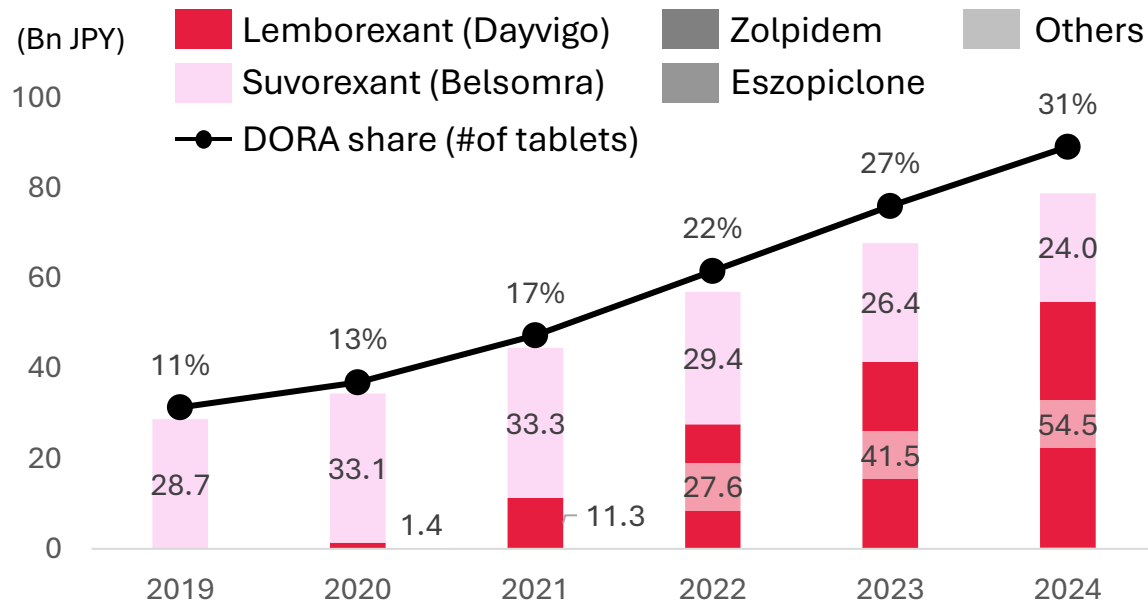
\*: Comparison of 2-4Q of 2022 and 2023, \*\*: Estimation

## 2 QUVIVIQ™ (daridorexant, dual orexin antagonist “DORA”)

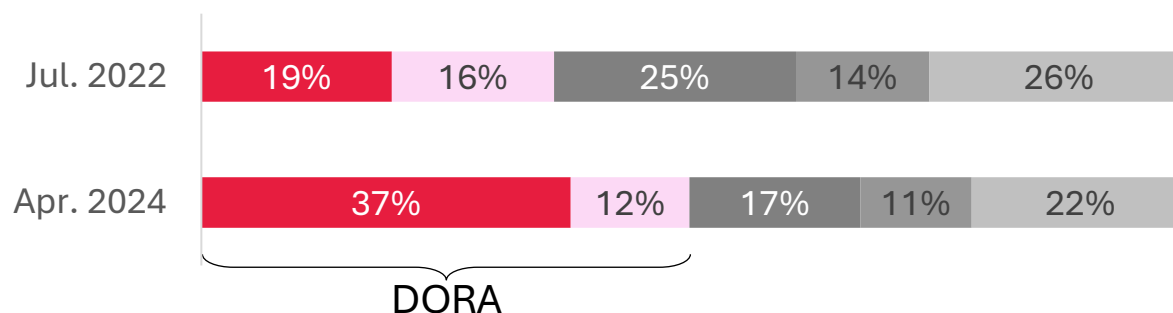
DORA is rapidly establishing its position in the treatment paradigm for insomnia



Sales and market share (NHI-base)



Prescription share (Most frequently prescribed sleeping pills)



- ✓ DORAs are rapidly penetrating the insomnia treatment market in Japan, where traditional anti-anxiety and z-class drugs are not preferred by physicians
- ✓ Japan is one of the largest DORA markets globally – estimated at up to US\$1bn
- ✓ Together with partner Shionogi, we aim to provide a best-in-class product


Source: Nikkei Medical (2022/7/23, 2024/4/13), Encise



## 2 QUVIVIQ™: APAC expansion

Making progress in developing the APAC market to maximize the product value



	Partner	Market potential (# of insomnia patient)	Expected launch	Partnering structure
Japan	 <b>SHIONOGI</b>	> 20 million	Launched	Distribution and sales
South Korea	Local company (undisclosed)	6.5 - 11 million	2027	Development collaboration (Sales and marketing: TBD)
Other APAC countries	Under negotiation with potential partners	-	-	-

# Full year product sales guidance

Target 13.0 - 14.0 Bn JPY (PIVLAZ) as net sales, and 4.0 - 5.0 Bn JPY (QUVIVIQ) as royalty and supply



**Target sales in FY2025**

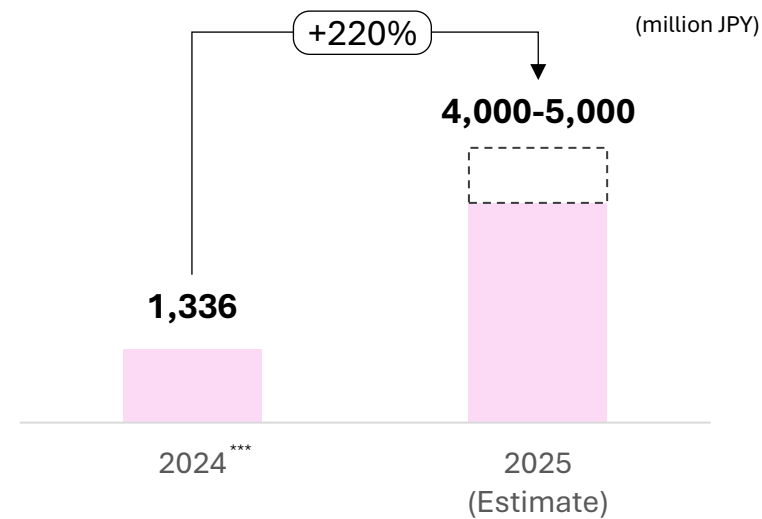
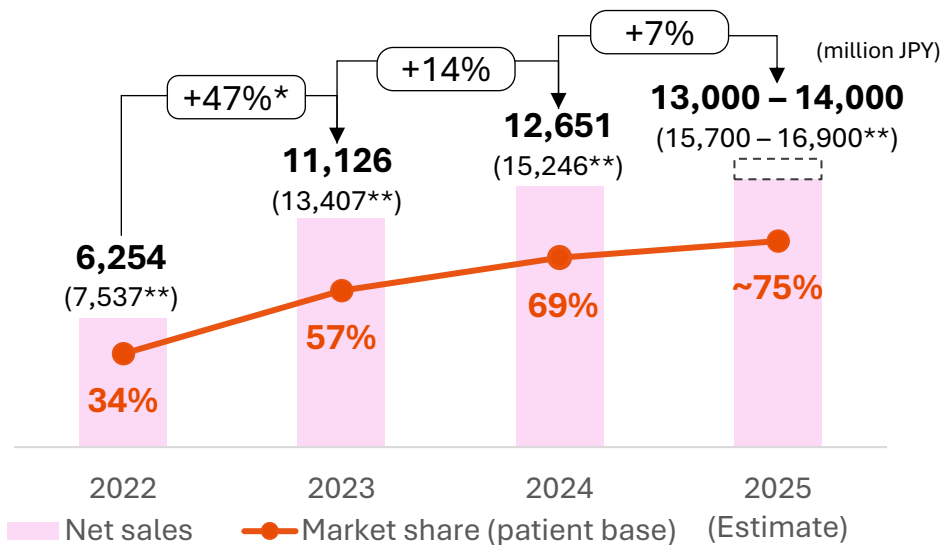
**Sales trend**

**13.0 – 14.0 Bn JPY**

(NHI Sales: 15.7 – 16.9Bn JPY)



**4.0 – 5.0 Bn JPY**



Source: MDV DPC hospital data

\*: Comparison of 2-4Q of 2022 and 2023, \*\* NHI sales, \*\*\* 2024 sales includes upfront, milestone, royalty and product supply while 2025 sales includes royalty and product supply



# R&D Progress

Dr. Matt Barnes, President of Nxera Pharma UK  
and Head of UK R&D

04

# Key Events 2024

Accelerating the development of life-changing medicines, by investing in science and technology

## PRE - DISCOVERY



Expansion of R&D partnership into auto-immune disorders

May '24

[PRLINK](#)



\$10M milestone payment received from neurology collaboration utilising NxWave™ platform

Jun '24

[PRLINK](#)



Collaboration to design novel GPCR targeted antibody therapeutics using Generative AI

Nov '24

[PRLINK](#)

## DISCOVERY



Two NME<sup>1</sup> programs transitioned into the Discovery

H1 '24




GPR35 agonist program reversion from GSK completed

H1 '24

[PRLINK](#)

## PHASE 1




 Phase 1 trial start evaluating NXE'744, a potent, selective, GI targeted, EP4 agonist for IBD

Mar '24

[PRLINK](#)




 \$4.6M milestone payment received for ORX750 (OX2R agonist) Phase 1 start in Narcolepsy

May '24

[PRLINK](#)




 Collaboration with BI signed (€25M upfront and €60M option exercise) for FIC GPR52 agonists for schizophrenia

Mar '24

[PRLINK](#)




 NBI-567, oral muscarinic M1 preferring agonist Phase 1 start with potential to treat symptoms of cognition in patients

May '24

[PRLINK](#)


## PHASE 2



 \$15M milestone triggered on successful completion of long-term preclinical toxicology of NBI-568, an oral selective muscarinic M4 agonist advancing through Phase 2

Apr '24


[PRLINK](#)

 \$35M milestone triggered upon successful completion of the Phase 2 trial in adults with schizophrenia

Sep '24

[PRLINK](#)



 Centessa Pharmaceuticals initiated a Phase 2 trial of OX750 in Narcolepsy (NT1 & NT2) and idiopathic hypersomnia

Nov '24

[PRLINK](#)

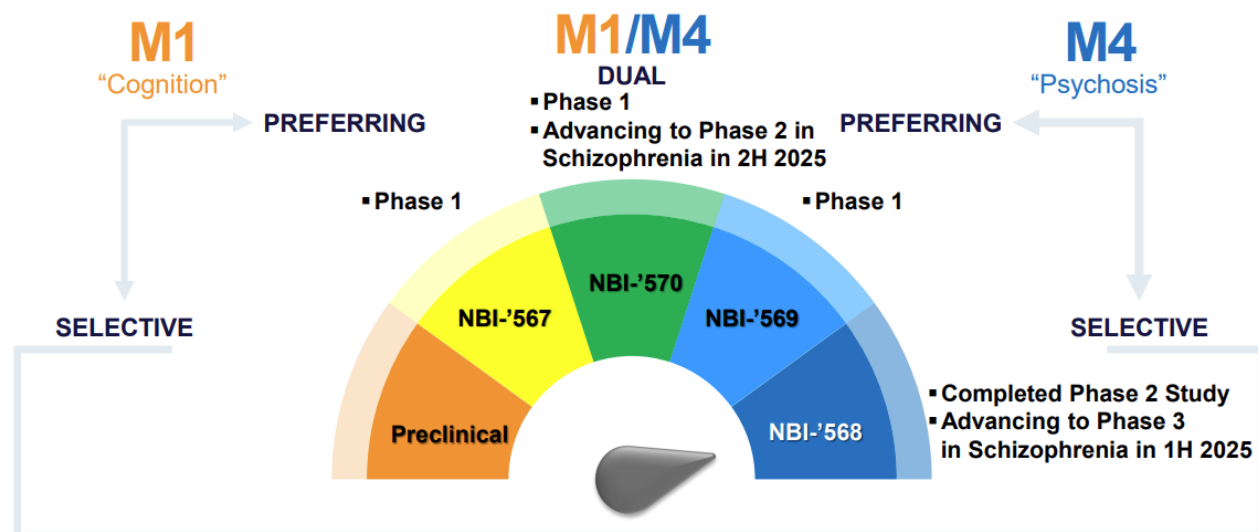
World-leading NxWave™ SBDD platform continues™ to fuel innovation & clinical success

# Neurocrine is advancing the world's most comprehensive portfolio of muscarinic orthosteric agonists – discovered by Nxera using NxWave™

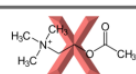


## Muscarinic Platform Includes Multiple Clinical Programs

From M1 to M4 Selective Orthosteric Agonists



Combination Therapy to Block Off-target Effects Avoided



Acetylcholine Cooperativity Not Required

22

## Highlights


- NxWave™ platform enabled full suite of Structurally-enabled small molecule programs across key receptors
- Comprehensive approach to maximising the potential of muscarinic agonism
- NBI-568:** Lead M4 selective orthosteric agonist, completed Phase 2 in 2024 and initiating Phase 3 registrational studies in Schizophrenia in 1H 2025 & Phase 2 in Bipolar Mania in 2H 2025
- NBI-570:** dual M1 / M4 agonist anticipating the initiation of a Phase 2 study in Schizophrenia in 2H 2025
- NBI-567:** M1 agonist Phase 1 is ongoing, initial data readout expected in 2025

From M1 to M4 selective orthosteric agonists targeting neurological and neuropsychiatric conditions

Centessa advancing Orexin 2 agonists - ORX750 in Phase 2 as an improved treatment for Narcolepsy Type 1 and beyond – discovered using NxWave™




**ORX750: Potential to Redefine the Standard of Care for Patients with Sleep-Wake Disorders**



- **High unmet medical need** in NT1, NT2 and IH
- **Proof-of-concept achieved** and asset clinically **derisked** in Phase 1 study of acutely sleep-deprived healthy volunteers
- **Advancing Phase 2a studies** in patients with NT1, NT2 and IH; **Data expected across all three indications in 2025**
- **Significant commercial opportunity** as potential treatment for all three indications

**ORX750**  
Highly potent, selective OX2R agonist




Significant commercial opportunity for best-in-class lead program ORX750 across NT1, NT2, and IH

Source: Centessa, Pfizer investor presentations

Pfizer advancing PF'522, once-daily, small molecule GLP-1 agonist in Phase 1 for T2D and obesity – discovered by Pfizer using NxWave™



**Select Pipeline Advancements in Internal Medicine\***



**Cachexia<sup>1</sup>**


- **Ponsegromab**
  - Weight increases at all doses in Phase 2 cancer cachexia study, with improvements in appetite, cachexia symptoms, physical activity, muscle mass at highest dose
  - Aim to start registration-enabling study in 2025

**Obesity**

- **Danuglipron**
  - Expected 1Q25 update will inform registration enabling studies
- **Oral small molecule GIPR antagonist phase 2** expected to start in 2024
- **Once-daily GLP-1 in Phase 1**

**Strategic focus on portfolio prioritization and continued improvement of productivity metrics**

\*See Slide 29 for Glossary: Select Pipeline Assets  
1. Wasting (muscle mass loss with or without fat loss) due to severe chronic illness.  
GIPR=glucose-dependent insulinotropic polypeptide receptor; GLP-1=glucagon-like peptide 1







Third Quarter 2024 Earnings

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Pfizer “all-in” on oral small molecules for metabolic disease. Huge need for convenient, cost effective, scalable products



# Fuelling the Wave 1 and Wave 2 launches with novel programs in neurology and immunology

	OPTION TO LICENSE WITH  <b>Boehringer Ingelheim</b>	DISCOVERED BY 	DISCOVERED BY 	DISCOVERED BY 
<b>Compound &amp; Stage</b>	NXE-149 (Ph 1b)		NXE-732 (Ph 1)	NXE-744 (Ph 1)
<b>Target Indication</b>	Schizophrenia		Advanced solid tumors	IBD
<b>Global Patient Population</b>	<b>24 million</b>		<b>18 million</b>	<b>10 million</b>
<b>Mechanism</b>	Novel, selective GPR52 receptor agonism		Selective EP4 receptor antagonist in combo with PD-L1	Novel, selective EP4 receptor agonist
<b>Novelty</b>	First-in-Class		Best-in-Class	First-in-Class

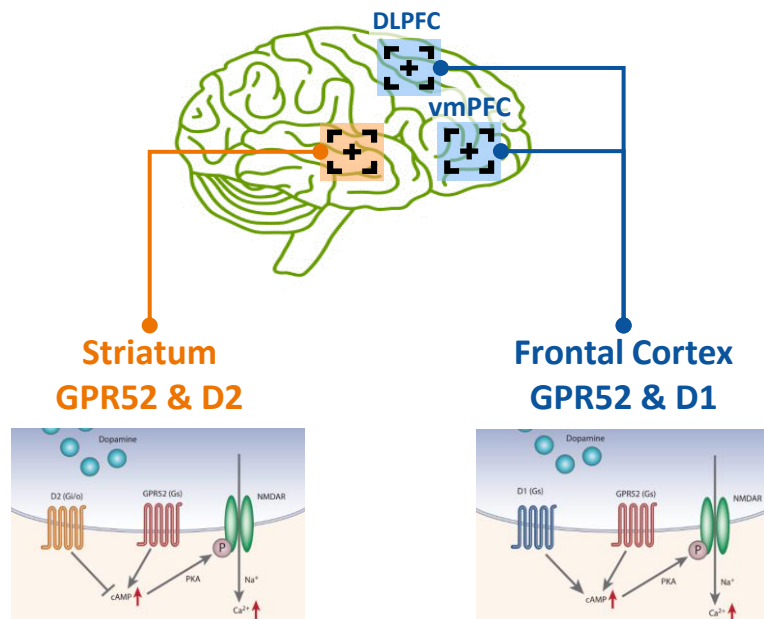
Continuing to design convenient, cost effective, easy to manufacture, oral small molecule medicines with the potential to change the treatment paradigm for major diseases

# GPR52 Agonist for Schizophrenia

A Novel First-In-Class Mechanism to Treat Positive, Negative & Cognitive Domains of Schizophrenia

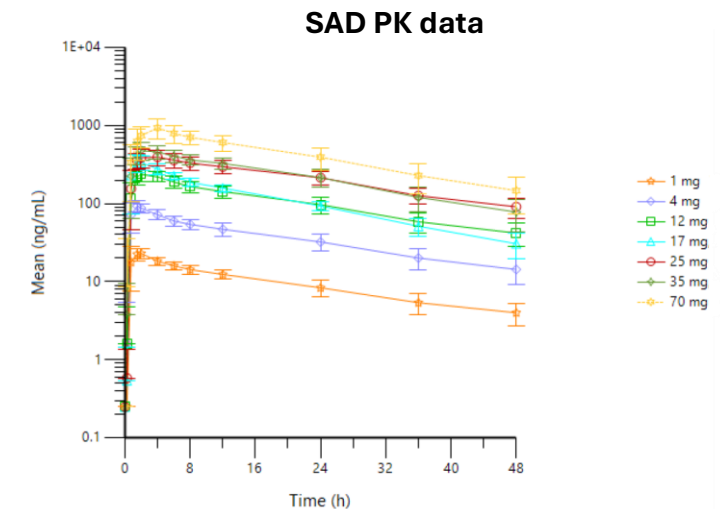
## Disease Rationale

- GPR52 is expressed on D2 dopamine neurons in striatum where activation could lead to D2 antagonist-like effect to treat positive symptoms, e.g. hallucinations
- GPR52 also co-located with D1 dopamine receptor in prefrontal cortex where activation could lead to D1 agonist-like effect to improve cognition, e.g. attention



## Progress

- **Ph1a study completed**
  - Pharmacodynamic measures included
  - PK data is robust and in line with preclinical predictions
  - Support once daily dosing
- **Ph1b study initiated and will complete by 2H 2025**
  - Proof of Mechanism study
  - A study with a pharmacodynamic endpoint to confirm GPR52 activation in the brain



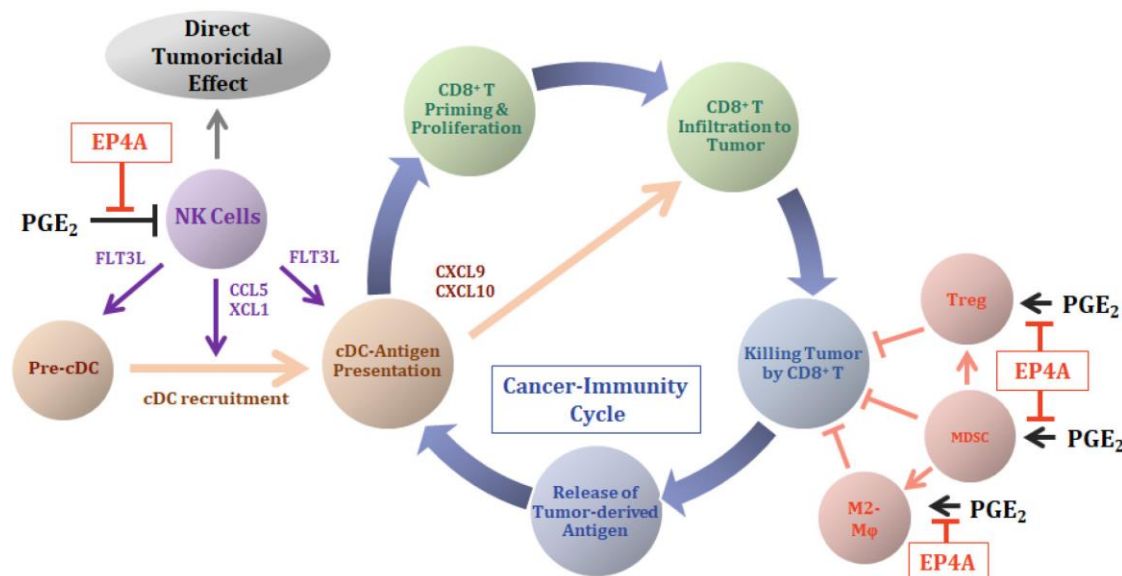


# EP4 Antagonism for Advanced Solid Tumours

Alone or in Combination with Checkpoint Inhibitors (CPIs)

## Disease Rationale

- Prostaglandin E2 (PGE<sub>2</sub>) is secreted by tumour and surrounding tissue and signals through EP4 to suppress the immune system
- EP4 antagonism is expected to restore immunosurveillance and enhance the effect of CPIs
- Less than 20% of eligible patients derive benefit from CPIs, meaning there is a great unmet need



## Progress

- **Ph1 study will complete Q1 2025**
  - Ph1 Part A completed (monotherapy escalation study)
  - Ph1 Part B will complete soon (combination escalation study)
- **Robust interim data to date in Ph1 study**
  - AEs have been generally mild (grade 1-2 ) and have resolved without dose interruption.
  - PK profile remains in line with predictions and exhibits general dose proportionality across all dose levels tested.
  - Target engagement has been observed at all dose levels tested and additional pharmacodynamic analysis, including evaluation of paired biopsies for T cell infiltration, is underway.
- **Ph1 clinical data will be disclosed 2H 2025**
- **Ph2a start is expected Q2 2025**

# EP4 Agonist for Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD)

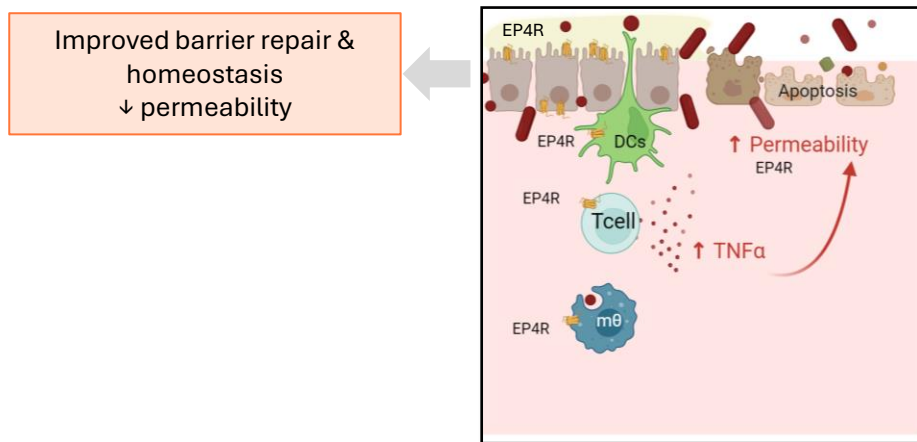
## A First-In-Class GI-Targeted Agent to Promote Mucosal Healing in IBD

### Disease Rationale

- IBD is an immunological disorder in which current standard-of-care agents have treatment "ceilings" of about 40% response rates.
- All approved IBD agents are immunomodulatory in nature and do not directly target disease-induced mucosal barrier defects.
- Through combined anti-inflammatory and barrier repair effects, EP4 agonists are expected to bring benefits in IBD by promoting mucosal healing.
- Previous attempts to agonise the EP4 receptor have demonstrated early signals of clinical efficacy but have been limited by systemic safety.

### Progress

- **Ph1 study is ongoing**
  - Healthy volunteers study
  - SAD/MAD studies have progressed well with the fifth MAD cohort now completed
  - No concerning adverse events have been noted to date
  - Current additional cohorts which are underway within the First-in-Human study protocol are focused on demonstrating target engagement. This will generate supporting data to inform Phase 2 dose selection.
- **Ph2 enabling data package on track for 2H 2025**



Created with BioRender.com

Study link:

<https://www.isrctn.com/ISRCTN70080074?q=nxera&filters=&sort=&offset=1&totalResults=2&page=1&pageSize=10>



FY2025 Objectives and beyond

Chris Cargill, President and CEO

05



## Priority objectives for FY2025

01

JPY 17 billion+ Net product sales (PIVLAZ<sup>®</sup> plus QUVIVIQ<sup>®</sup>)

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02

Acquire/in-license at least one late-stage medicine for Japan/APAC (ex-China)

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03

Execute at least one new major partnership, and initiate at least one new in-house Ph.2 study

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04

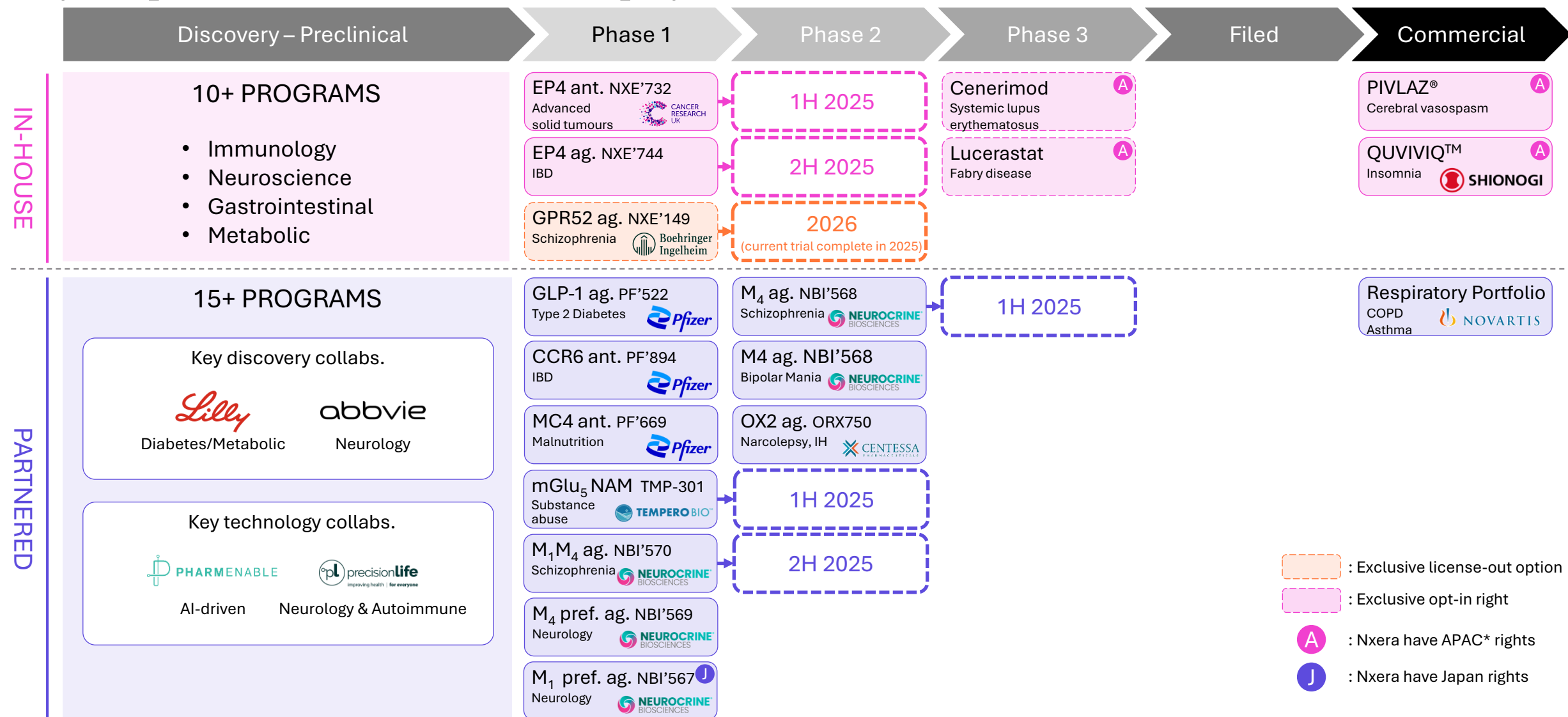
Investment in systems and applications for efficiency and scalability

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05

Positive operating profit under IFRS (if GPR52 option is exercised)

# Major Pipeline Overview (with future projection)



Note: Pref. ag. : Preferring agonist

Respiratory Portfolio = Seebri®, Ultibro®, Enerzair® and Breezhaler® which is registered trademarks of Novartis AG.

\*APAC (ex-China) territory includes Japan, South Korea, Australia, Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, New Zealand, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand and Vietnam

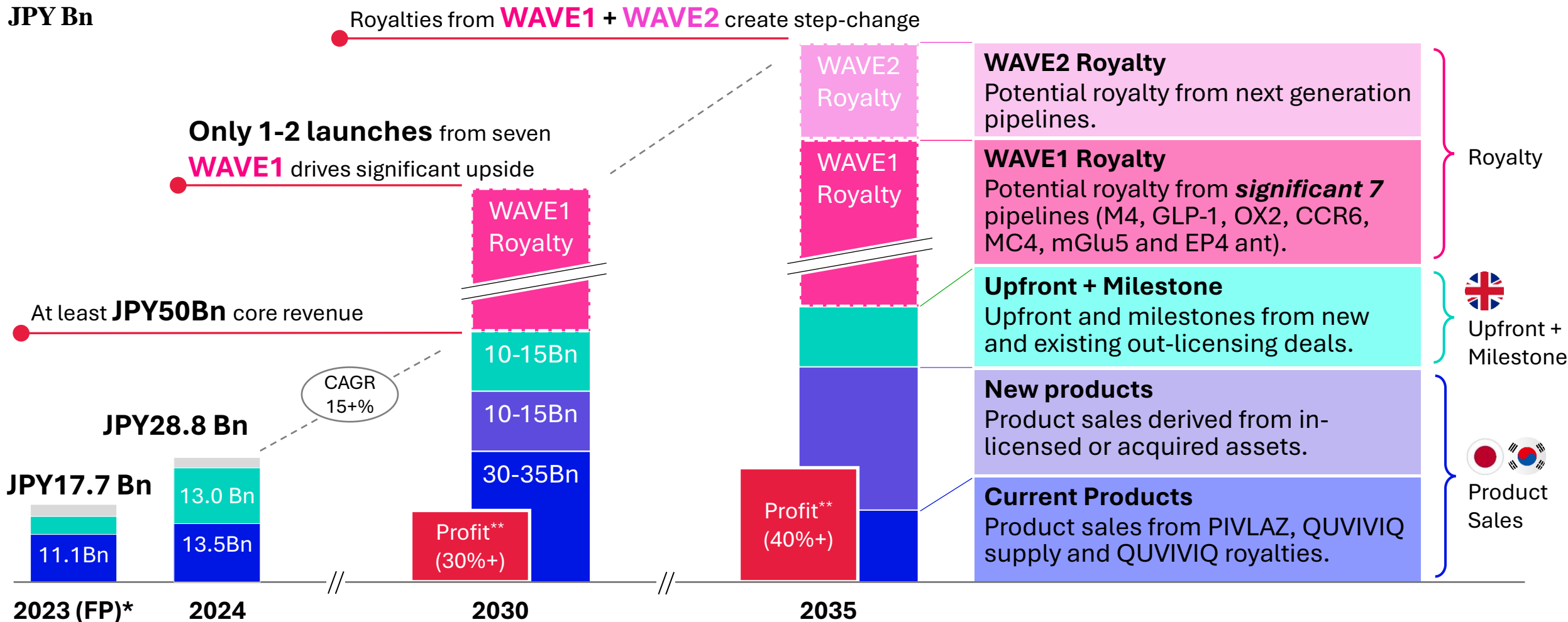
# Our Wave 1 and Wave 2 programs are positioned across fast growing areas of healthcare

		WAVE1 (Potential Launch by 2030)	WAVE2 (Potential Launch by 2035)
Neurology	<p>MARKET SIZE (2030)</p> <p><b>\$120bn+</b></p>	<p><b>TEMPERO BIO™</b></p> <p>P1 mGlu5 NAM Substance Use Disorders</p> <p><b>CENTESSA PHARMACEUTICALS</b></p> <p>P2 Ox2 agonist Narcolepsy</p> <p><b>NEUROCRINE BIOSCIENCES</b></p> <p>P2 M4 agonist Schizophrenia</p> <p>P2 M4 agonist Bipolar Mania</p> <p>P1 M1/M4 agonist Schizophrenia</p>	<p><b>CENTESSA PHARMACEUTICALS</b></p> <p>PreC Ox2 agonists Neuropsych-related sleep disorders</p> <p><b>NEUROCRINE BIOSCIENCES</b></p> <p>P1 M4 pref. agonist</p> <p>P1 M1 pref. agonist Cognitive &amp; psychosis-related disorders</p> <p><b>NXera</b></p> <p>P1 GPR52 agonist Schizophrenia</p> <p><b>abbvie</b></p> <p>Disc Multiple targets Neurology</p>
Metabolic	<p>MARKET SIZE (2030)</p> <p><b>\$150bn+</b></p>	<p><b>Pfizer</b></p> <p>P1 GLP-1 agonist T2D / Obesity</p> <p>P1 MC4 antagonist Malnutrition</p>	<p><b>Lilly</b></p> <p>Disc Multiple targets T2D/Obesity and Others</p>
Immunology / GI	<p>MARKET SIZE (2030)</p> <p><b>\$300bn+</b></p>	<p><b>Pfizer</b></p> <p>P1 CCR6 antagonist IBD</p> <p><b>NXera</b></p> <p>P1 EP4 antagonist + PD-L1 Immune-oncology for Advanced Solid Tumors</p> <p><b>CANCER RESEARCH UK</b></p>	<p><b>NXera</b></p> <p>P1 EP4 agonist IBD</p>
		JPY250bn (max total royalty potential at peak)	Multi billion USD milestones and royalties

Source: EvaluatePharma, News Research, Internal Analysis

# Our 2030 vision is to build a high growth, highly profitable Japanese biopharma

















JPY Bn



Note: \* Revenue values are proforma the acquisition of Idorsia Pharmaceuticals Japan and Korea and reflect annual product sales of PIVLAZ in 2023.

\*\* WAVE1 and WAVE2 royalty is not included.

## Looking ahead to potential catalysts in 2025\*

PROGRAM	PARTNER	TIMING	EVENT
TMP-301 (mGlu5 NAM)		H1 2025	Phase 2 study start in alcohol use disorder
Cenerimod (S1P1) / Lucerastat		H1 2025	Exclusive opt-in decision
NXE'732 (EP4 antagonist)	 	H1 2025	Phase 2a study start in Advancing Solid Tumors
NBI'568 (M4 agonist)		H1 2025	Phase 3 study start in Schizophrenia
NBI'568 (M4 agonist)		H2 2025	Phase 2 study start in Bipolar Mania
NBI'570 (M1/M4 agonist)		H2 2025	Phase 2 study start in Schizophrenia
NXE'744 (EP4 agonist)		H2 2025	Phase 2 study start in IBD
NXE'149 (GPR52 ag)	 	H2 2025	Phase 1b completion
NXE'732 (EP4 antagonist)	 	H2 2025	Phase 1b topline data
ORX750 (OX2 agonist)		H2 2025	Phase 2a data across NT1, NT2, and IH
Multiple discovery collaboration progress	 	2025	Progression through discovery stage
NBI'567 (M1 ago) / NBI'569 (M4 ago) / NBI'570 (M1/M4 ago)		2025	Phase 1 data readout
New global out-licenses		Anytime	Out licensing and/or discovery collabs
New Japan / APAC in-licenses		Anytime	Acquire/in-license late-stage medicines
QUVIVIQ™		Anytime	APAC out-licensing deals

\* Partnered product progress is as already signaled or disclosed by partner



Questions?



Thank you



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Appendix

07

# Lead program, NBI'568 demonstrated positive phase 2 data in H2 2024

Once-daily 20 mg dose showed efficacy and good safety/tolerability profile for schizophrenia patients



<p>Clinically meaningful and statistically significant efficacy (Once-daily 20 mg dose)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ PANSS total score change <b>-18.2</b></li> <li>➤ PANSS total score change vs. Placebo <b>-7.5 (p = 0.011)</b></li> <li>➤ Effect size <b>0.61</b></li> <li>➤ Marder Factor score change vs Placebo:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positive <b>-3.0 (p=0.004)</b></li> <li>• Negative <b>-1.9 (p=0.028)</b></li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Met primary and additional endpoints and demonstrated <b>efficacy on both positive and negative symptoms</b></p>
<p>Generally safe and well-tolerated across all doses tested</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Treatment discontinuation rate due to adverse events across all NBI'568 arms <b>5.0% (placebo: 4.3%)</b></li> <li>➤ GI and CV adverse event frequency (Cobenfy (BMS/Karuna): 3-5x (GI), ~4x (CV) vs. placebo) <b>Similar to placebo</b></li> </ul>	<p>NBI'568 showed <b>safety and tolerability for all doses</b></p>
<p>Rapidly advancing to Phase 3 development</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Received successful milestone of Ph2 trial <b>US\$ 35 m</b></li> <li>➤ Ph3 clinical trial <b>begin in H1 2025</b></li> <li>➤ Additional Ph2 trial in Bipolar Mania <b>begin in H2 2025</b></li> <li>➤ <b>Advancing follow-on compounds</b> in muscarinic agonist portfolio</li> </ul>	<p><b>Expanding potential</b> of muscarinic agonist portfolio</p>

Source: Presentation of Neurocrine Sciences (Aug.28 2024), KarXT for Schizophrenia draft evidence report (Nov. 28, 2023)

# Exclusive Opt-in Rights And ROFN/ROFR<sup>1</sup>

Option to develop up to six clinical programs for Japan and APAC (ex-China) from Idorsia

	Program	Mechanism of Action	Indication	Stage	Region
Exclusive Opt-in Right	Cenerimod	S1P1 receptor modulator	Systemic lupus erythematosus	Phase 3	APAC (ex-China) <sup>2</sup>
	Lucerastat	Glucosylceramide synthase inhibitor	Fabry disease	Phase 3	
ROFR /ROFN <sup>1</sup>	ACT-1004-1239	ACKR3 / CXCR7 antagonist	Multiple sclerosis and other demyelinating diseases	Phase 2*	
	ACT-1014-6470	C5aR1 antagonist	Immune-mediated disorders	Phase 1*	
	IDOR-1117-2520	Undisclosed	Immune-mediated disorders	Phase 1*	
	ACT-777991	CXCR3 antagonist	Recent-onset Type 1 diabetes	Phase 1*	

<sup>1</sup> ROFN/ROFR - Right of first negotiation / Right of first refusal

<sup>2</sup> Territories include Japan, South Korea, Australia, Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, New Zealand, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand and Vietnam

\* Global Phase

# Core Operating Profit - Definition

Core Operating Profit/Loss – a financial indicator closer to the reality of our business

## Operating Profit

### “Core”

- Core Operating Profit/ Loss is a key financial indicator that highlights the underlying recurring cash generating capability of our business.
- Core Operating Profit/Loss is defined as IFRS Operating Profit + material Non-cash costs + material non-recurring costs
- Material Non-cash Costs include depreciation, amortization, share based payments and impairment.
- Material Non-recurring Costs include restructuring costs, M&A related professional fees and other material one-off items.

### + Material Non-cash Costs

(Depreciation, Amortization, Share based payments, Impairment...etc.)

### + Material Non-recurring Costs

(Restructuring costs and Other material one-off items...etc.)

	Cash	Non-cash (Material)
Recurring	Costs under “Core”	
Non-recurring (Material)		Costs under “IFRS”

## Operating Profit

### “IFRS”

- Financial results recorded and prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

# Estimation of potential market size

Multi-billion USD annual peak sales potential for our post-pre-clinical pipeline

Category	Indication <sup>2</sup>	Number of Patients	Peak Sales		Candidates
			Market Size	Individual Products	
Neuroscience	Dementia	~55 million	\$7.3 billion (2010)	\$3.9 billion (2009/Aricept)	M1 ag, M1/M4 ag
	Schizophrenia	~20 million	\$20.7 billion (2011)	\$5.7 billion (2013/Abilify)	M4 ag, M1/M4 ag, GPR52 ag
	Substance use disorders	~10.4 million <sup>1</sup>	-	-	mGlu5 NAM
	Narcolepsy	~3 million	\$2.5 billion (2024)	\$1.4 billion (2024/Xywav)	OX2 ag
Immunology	Cancer	~42 million	\$210.5 billion (2024)	\$28.7 billion (2024/Keytruda)	EP4 ant
	IBD	~10 million	\$23.8 billion (2024)	\$6.2 billion (2022/Humira)	CCR6 ant, GPR35 ag, EP4 ag
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus	~5 million	\$2.7 billion (2024)	\$1.9 billion (2024/Benlysta)	Cenerimod
Metabolism	T2DM/Obesity	~420 million	\$76.8 billion (2024)	\$18.2 billion (2024/Ozempic)	GLP1 ag
	Anorexia	~10 million	-	-	MC4 ant
Total			~\$344 billion/year	~\$66 billion/year	

Source (Number of patients): World Health Organization, Evaluate Pharma, The European Federation of Crohn's & Ulcerative Colitis Associations (EFCCA), Narcolepsy Network, Inc., The Lupus Foundation of America, GBD 2015 Disease and Injury Incidence and Prevalence Collaborators (October 2016). "Global, regional, and national incidence, prevalence, and years lived with disability for 310 diseases and injuries, 1990-2015: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015". Lancet. 388 (10053): 1545-1602 <sup>1</sup> The number of patients with drug addiction

Source (Peak Sales): Sales of each indications are extracted from Evaluate Pharma's data of sales by disease and sales by individual products (as of 25 December 2024). <sup>2</sup> Nxera may target one segment in the market for specific diseases



# Partnered pipeline (1/2)

Compound	Target / Mechanism of Action	Modality	Indication	Partner	Disc.	PCC	Ph1	Ph2	Ph3	App	Mkt
Partnered											
Seebri® Breezhaler®	LAMA	SME	COPD	NOVARTIS	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
Ultibro® Breezhaler®	LAMA+LABA	SME	COPD	NOVARTIS	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
Energair® Breezhaler®	LAMA+LABA+ICS	SME	Asthma	NOVARTIS	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
ORAVI®	Antifungal agent miconazole	SME	Oropharyngeal candidiasis	HISAMITSU	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
NBI-1117568	Muscarinic M4 agonist	SME	Schizophrenia	NEUROCRINE BIOSCIENCES	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
NBI-1117568	Muscarinic M4 agonist	SME	Bipolar Mania	NEUROCRINE BIOSCIENCES	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
NBI-1117569	Muscarinic M4 preferring agonist	SME	Neurology diseases	NEUROCRINE BIOSCIENCES	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
NBI-1117570	Muscarinic M1/M4 agonist	SME	Neurology diseases	NEUROCRINE BIOSCIENCES	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
NBI-1117567	Muscarinic M1 preferring agonist	SME	Neurology diseases	NEUROCRINE BIOSCIENCES	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
PF-07054894	CCR6 antagonist	SME	Inflammatory bowel disease	Pfizer	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
PF-07258669	MC4 antagonist	SME	Malnutrition	Pfizer	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
PF-06954522	GLP-1 agonist	SME	Type 2 Diabetes	Pfizer	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
(Not disclosed)	CGRP antagonist	SME	Neurology diseases	Pfizer	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
(Not disclosed)	Multi target	SME/LME	Multiple indications	Genentech <small>A Member of the Roche Group</small>	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
(Not disclosed)	Multi target	SME	Neurology	abbvie	█	█	█	█	█	█	█
(Not disclosed)	Multi target	SME	Diabetes/Metabolic	Lilly	█	█	█	█	█	█	█

Note: SME = small molecule. LME = large molecule. Seebri®, Ultibro®, Energair® and Breezhaler® are registered trademarks of Novartis AG.





# Partnered pipeline (2/2)

Compound	Target / Mechanism of Action	Modality	Indication	Partner	Disc.	PCC	Ph1	Ph2	Ph3	App	Mkt
<b>Co-development</b>											
KY1051	CXCR4 mAb	mAb	Immuno-oncology	sanofi	██████████						
(Not disclosed)	AI-Augmented Drug Discovery	SME	Neurology diseases	PHARMENABLE	██████						
(Not disclosed)	Multi targe	SME/LME	Immune / Neurology diseases	precisionlife	██████						
<b>Co-owned companies</b>											
TMP-301	mGlu5 NAM	SME	Substance use disorders	TEMPERO BIO	██████████		██████████				
ORX750	OX2 agonist (Oral)	SME	Narcolepsy Type 1/2, IH	CENTESSA  Orexia Therapeutics	████████████████████						
ORX142	OX2 agonist (Oral)	SME	EDS in neurology	CENTESSA  Orexia Therapeutics	██████████						
ORX489	OX2 agonist (Oral)	SME	Neurology	CENTESSA  Orexia Therapeutics	██████						

Note: SME = small molecule. LME = large molecule



# In-house pipeline

Compound	Target / Mechanism	Modality	Indication	Partner	Disc.	PCC	Ph1	Ph2	Ph3	App	Mkt
<b>In-house Programs</b>											
PIVLAZ®	ETA antagonist	SME	Cerebral vasospasm								
QUVIVIQ™	Dual Orexin antagonist	SME	Insomnia								
NXE0048149 <sup>1</sup>	GPR52 agonist	SME	Neurology diseases								
NXE0039732	EP4 antagonist	SME	Immuno-oncology								
NXE0033744	EP4 agonist	SME	Inflammatory bowel disease								
NXE0027477	GPR35 agonist	SME	Inflammatory bowel disease								
(Not disclosed)	Muscarinic M1 agonist (JP)	SME	Neurology diseases								
(Not disclosed)	SARS CoV-2 Mpro	SME	Coronaviruses								
Multiple programs	Not disclosed	SME/LME	Neurology diseases								
Multiple programs	Not disclosed	SME/LME	GI and Inflammatory diseases								
Multiple programs	Not disclosed	SME/LME	Immunology diseases								
<b>In-house Programs (No longer internally funded. Targeting academic / industrial partnership)</b>											
NXE'310	SSTR5 agonist	Peptide	Hypoglycaemic disorders								
NXE'097	GLP-1 antagonist	Peptide	Hypoglycaemic disorders								
NXE'023	Dual GLP-2/GLP-1 agonist	Peptide	Intestinal failure/NASH								
(Not disclosed)	Apelin agonist	Peptide	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension								
NXE'641	Dual orexin antagonist	SME	Insomnia and sleep disorders								
(Not disclosed)	PAR-2 mAb	mAb	Atopic Dermatitis/Pain								

Note: SME = small molecule. LME = large molecule. 1: Exclusive license-out option

# Clinical Trials

Compound	MoA	Condition	Phase	Size	Patient	Start	Completion*	Last Update	Link (main/latest)	Link (others)
NBI-1117568	M4 agonist	Schizophrenia	Ph2	210	Yes	2022-10-04	2024-07-10	2024-09-27	<a href="#">NCT05545111</a>	-
NBI-1117569	M4 preferring agonist	Neurology diseases	Ph1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NBI-1117570	M1/M4 agonist	Neurology diseases	Ph1	-	No	2024-03-11	2025-09-04	2024-10-30	<a href="#">2023-508814-40-00</a>	-
NBI-1117567	M1 preferring agonist	Neurology diseases	Ph1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PF-07054894	CCR6 antagonist	Inflammatory bowel diseases	Ph1	27	Yes	2022-11-07	2026-01-14	2024-10-08	<a href="#">NCT05549323</a>	<a href="#">NCT06327880</a> <a href="#">NCT04388878</a>
PF-07258669	MC4 antagonist	Malnutrition	Ph1	14	No	2025-01-02	2025-02-11	2024-11-27	<a href="#">NCT06706869</a>	<a href="#">NCT04628793</a> <a href="#">NCT05113940</a>
PF-06954522	GLP-1 agonist	T2DM/Obesity	Ph1	122	Yes	2024-02-20	2024-12-31	2024-09-19	<a href="#">NCT06279234</a>	<a href="#">NCT06393517</a> <a href="#">NCT06003777</a>
TMP-301	mGlu5 NAM	Substance use disorders	Ph2	100	Yes	2024-11-14	2025-11-15	2024-12-19	<a href="#">NCT06648655</a>	<a href="#">NCT06648668</a> <a href="#">NCT06025396</a> <a href="#">NCT03785054</a>
ORX750	OX2 agonist	Narcolepsy Type 1/2, IH	Ph2	78	Yes	2024-12-23	2025-12	2024-12-31	<a href="#">NCT06752668</a>	-
NXE0048149	GPR52 agonist	Neurology diseases	Ph1	up to 104	No	2023-02-20	2024-11-29	2024-04-18	<a href="#">ISRCTN17231793</a>	-
NXE0039732	EP4 antagonist	Immuno-oncology	Ph1 Ph2	150	Yes	2023-07-13	2026-09	2024-12-02	<a href="#">NCT05944237</a>	-
NXE0033744	EP4 agonist	Inflammatory bowel diseases	Ph1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

\*Primary Completion (Estimated)

## Exchange Rate, Intangible Assets and Non-core Costs

### Average exchange rate during period (actual)

	FY2024	FY2023	FY2022
USD:JPY	151.43	140.53	131.30
GRP:JPY	193.49	174.81	161.76

### Assumed exchange rate for key cost estimates

	FY2025	FY2024	FY2023
USD:JPY	152	140	143
GRP:JPY	193	172	166

### Intangible assets

(JPY mn)

	Dec 31, 2024	Dec 31, 2023	Dec 31, 2022
PIVLAZ®	36,164	37,527	-
Core technology	8,365	8,466	8,217
QUVIVIQ™	6,825	5,825	-
Customer-related assets	227	227	219
Oravi®	78	89	101
Other	252	157	40
<b>Total</b>	<b>51,911</b>	<b>52,291</b>	<b>8,577</b>

### Non-core costs (full year)

(JPY mn)

	FY 2024	FY 2023	FY 2022
Cost of sales adjustment	2,401	1,812	-
Amortization	2,371	1,495	782
M&A related costs	1,220	1,263	-
Depreciation	1,613	983	563
Share-based Payments	1,396	844	542
Restructuring costs	28	53	533
Impairment	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,029</b>	<b>6,450</b>	<b>2,420</b>



# Glossary

Basic Terminology/Technology		
GPCR	G Protein-Coupled Receptor	There are about 800 types of GPCRs in the human body. While 400 of them are known to be potential drug targets, about 300 of them are not yet drugged
NxStaR™	Stabilized Receptor	Nxera' proprietary technology to stabilize a GPCR by engineering a small number of single point mutations outside of the ligand-binding site. It enables to identify the structure of GPCRs to be used for SBDD drug discovery as well as antibody drug discovery as antigens
SBDD	Structure-Based Drug Design	A method to design drugs on a computer base based on the analysis of the three-dimensional structure of the drug target (e.g., protein receptor)
TPD	Targeted Protein Degradation	Drugs that promote the degradation of target proteins (e.g., receptors) in cells and aim for therapeutic effects by reducing disease-causing proteins
PAM	Positive Allosteric Modulator	A regulator that binds to unusual active sites (allosteric sites) on the receptor to increase the affinity and effect of the agonist
NAM	Negative Allosteric Modulator	A regulator that binds to an unusual active site on the receptor (allosteric site) and reduces the affinity and effectiveness of the agonist
Ag	Agonist	A therapeutic drug that binds to a receptor and activates an intracellular signaling system similar to biological substances
Ant	Antagonist	A therapeutic drug that suppresses biological reactions by binding to receptors and preventing them from binding to biological substances
PK	Pharmacokinetics	Research and testing on the relationship between drug dosage and blood concentration. Mainly describes the rate process of ADME
PD	Pharmacodynamics	Research and testing on the relationship between drug concentration and pharmacological effects
ADME	Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion	A series of process in the absorption of drugs into the body, distribution within the body, metabolism in the liver and other organs, and excretion in the kidneys and other organs
POM	Proof of Mechanism	Proof of mechanism of action, mainly through biomarkers. It can suggest the possibility of efficacy in fewer cases than POC
POC	Proof of Concept	Proof of a therapeutic concept, primarily through clinical efficacy and safety
Ach	Acetylcholine	A neurotransmitter released from the peripheral parasympathetic and motor nerves to transmit nerve stimuli
IND	Investigational New Drug	Information packages for development candidates to be submitted to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) at the time of initiation of clinical trials
Ph1	Phase1	A study in humans. The main purpose is to confirm the safety of the drug candidate mainly by healthy volunteers.
Ph2	Phase2	A study in humans. The main purpose is to confirm the efficacy of the drug candidates on a small scale (however, the number of patients varies greatly depending on the disease)
Ph3	Phase3	A study in humans. The main purpose is to determine the efficacy of the drug candidates on a large scale (however, the number of patients varies greatly depending on the disease)
NDA	New Drug Application	An application to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for approval to market a new drug

Disease/Drug		
LAMA	Long Acting Muscarinic Antagonist	An inhalant that dilates bronchial tubes and improves respiratory function by inhibiting the action of acetylcholine receptors (M3), which increase parasympathetic nerves.
LABA	Long Acting Beta2-Agonist	An inhalant that improves respiratory function by stimulating sympathetic beta2 receptors to dilate the bronchi.
ICS	Inhaled Corticosteroid	An inhalant that suppresses airway inflammation to prevent coughing attacks and other symptoms caused by asthma, also promotes the action of beta 2 stimulants and improve airway hyperresponsiveness.
mCRPC	Metastatic Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer	Cancer that has spread (metastasized) beyond your prostate gland and for which hormone therapy is no longer effective in stopping or slowing the disease.
COPD	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	A group of diseases that causes damage to the bronchi and lung due to smoking or inhalation of toxic substances, resulting in breathing problems.
AD	Alzheimer's Disease	Alzheimer's disease is a progressive neurologic disorder that causes the brain to shrink (atrophy) and brain cells to die, the most common cause of dementia .
DLB	Dementia with Lewy Bodies	Protein deposits, called Lewy bodies, develop in nerve cells in the brain regions involved in thinking, memory and movement (motor control), the second most common type of dementia.



# Locations



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9-7-2 Akasaka  
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Japan



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Seoul 06192

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Cambridge  
CB21 6DG

United Kingdom



Spaces Grosspeter  
Tower,  
Grosspeteranlage  
29,  
4052 Basel

Switzerland