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Agenda

- Business Overview
- Strategic Roadmap
- Our Pipeline
- Japan/APAC Business
- Our NxWaveTM Platform
- Financial Results
- Appendix





Leading the Next Era of Medicine. From Japan, for Japan, and the world

World-leading NxWaveTM platform (UK), coupled with Japan's most effective development and commercial organization

Our Mission

To accelerate the development of life-changing medicines, by investing in science and technology.

Our Vision

To lead the next era of medicine.

From Japan, for Japan, and the world.

Our Values

- Patients come first
- Innovation and teamwork
- Focus
- Speed and agility
- Operational excellence



We are Nxera Pharma

A technology-powered biopharma in pursuit of new specialty medicines to improve the lives of patients

Cutting-edge Science

WORLD-LEADERS IN GPCR STRUCTURE-BASED DRUG DESIGN

Strong focus on GPCR targets – solved 375+ molecular structures

Programs by Design

30+ ACTIVE PROGRAMS



CNS 39%

IMM



GI

33%



Other

Real Human Outcomes

PROTECTING LIVES EVERYDAY

15,000+ patients have received PIVLAZ® (Japan and shortly South Korea) +4 other partnered marketed products



TSE: 4565

Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime



350+ FTE Employees



5 Global Locations

Tokyo, Cambridge, London, Seoul & Basel

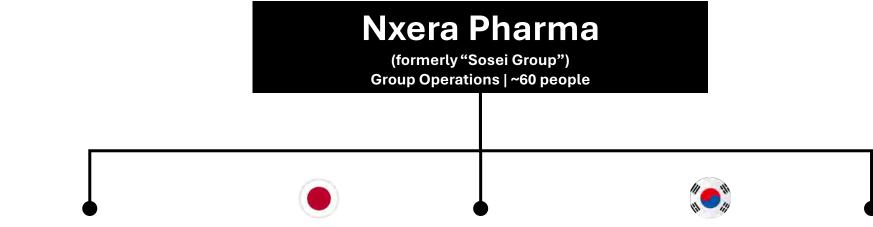


Revenue-Generating \$350m+ Cash in hand (Dec-2023)



Global Corporate Structure

Over 350 team members employed across Japan, South Korea, UK and Switzerland



Nxera Pharma UK (NPU)

(formerly "Heptares")

Cambridge | ~170 staff

Research & Early Clinical Development

- NxWave™ SBDD Platform
- Drug Discovery
- Translational Medicine
- Early Clinical Development
- Business Development

Nxera Pharma Japan (NPJ)

(formerly "Idorsia Pharma Japan" and "Sosei Co.")

Tokyo | ~140 staff

Drug Development & Commercial Operations

- Clinical Development
- Regulatory Affairs
- Marketing Authorisation Holder
- Commercial Sales (direct and via partners)

Nxera Pharma Korea (NPK)

(formerly "Idorsia Pharma Korea")

Seoul | ~7 staff

Drug Development & Commercial Operations

- Clinical Development
- Regulatory Affairs
- Marketing Authorisation Holder
- Commercial Sales (via partners)



Agile and decisive leadership team

BOARD OF DIRECTORS





























EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT



Kieran Johnson



Chief Accounting Officer



Chris Cargill

J.P.Morgan



Hironoshin Nomura **Chief Financial Officer**





Toshihiro Maeda **Chief Operating Officer**



Bristol Myers Squibb

J.P.Morgan

Candelle Chong **Chief of Staff**



Chief Executive Officer





UK Research & Development Operations







Research & Early Development Discovery / Preclinical / Phase I

Development & Commercialization Phase II / III / IV



Japan Development & Commercial Operations

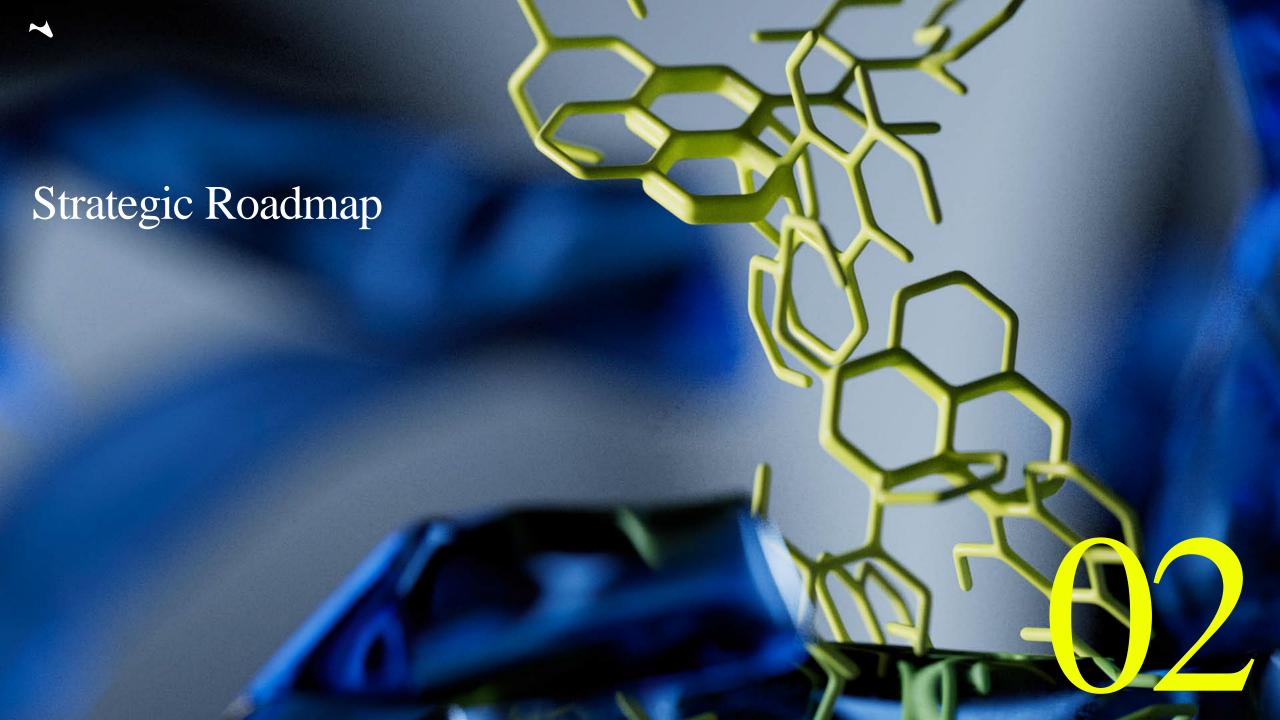


Bristol Myers Squibb









OVERVIEW

Our History

Strategic steps taken to build Nxera over the last two decades

2000s

Launched a public company dedicated to **bringing innovation to**Japan

✓ IPO on TSE (MOTHERS) in 2004

Made strategic acquisitions to bring **steady revenue** through groundbreaking medicines

- \$186m acquisition of Arakis Limited in 2005
- Royalty revenues from Breezhaler® medicines from 2012 to present

ARAKIS

2015

Out-licensed several programs to global pharma to generate profit, a cash reserve and a larger market valuation

√ 15+ partnered programs that generate upfront and milestone revenue (plus future royalties)

Invested in research-focused companies that could generate a continuous pipeline of new medicines

\$400m acquisition of Heptares Therapeutics Limited in 2015



2023

Elevated our status in the **Tokyo Stock Exchange**, improving access to institutional investors

- Promotion to TSE (PRIME) segment in 2023
- First public healthcare investment by the Japan Investment Corporation in 2023

Acquired a commercial-stage pharmaceutical company which provided an **integrated platform** for even greater sustainable revenue growth

- \$466m acquisition of Idorsia
 Pharmaceuticals Japan and Korea
- Rapidly growing revenues from sales of PIVLAZ®



2024



Launched new corporate branding:

Nxera Pharma Co

With a vision to lead the next era of medicine.

From Japan, for Japan, and the world.





To make our mission happen...

Accelerate the development of life-changing medicines

1

Acquire or in-license multiple de-risked medicines for Japan

2

Invest in our
NxWave™ platform
to seed programs

3

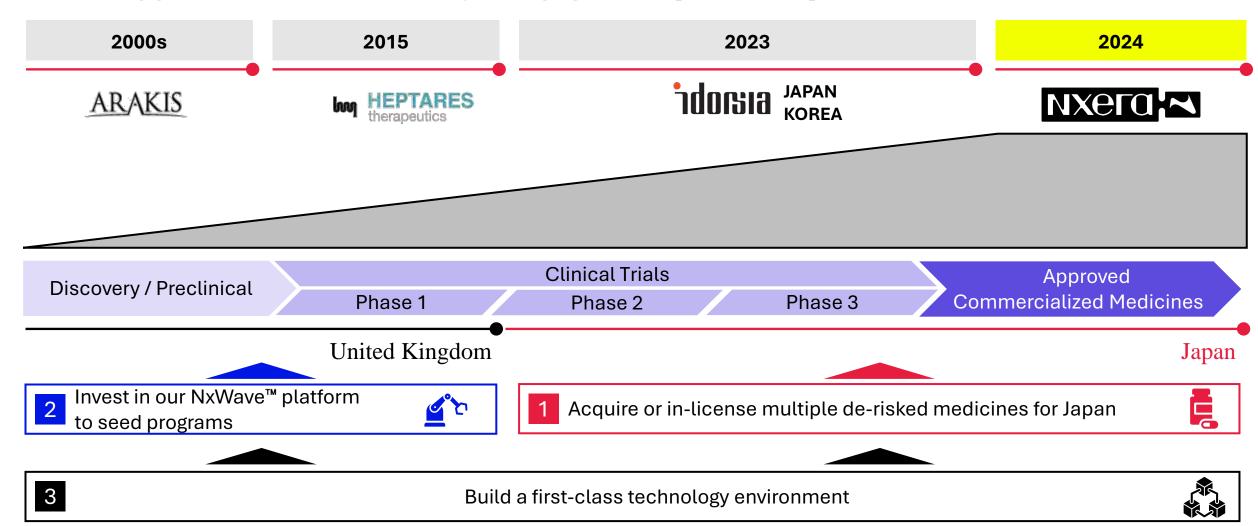
Build a first-class technology environment

Focusing on these three areas is how we plan to make our mission happen as fast as possible



...building a fully integrated biopharma from Japan

Accelerating growth to achieve our mission by leveraging business platform in Japan and UK



Priority objectives for FY2024

01 <u>JPY 16 billion+</u> NHI sales for PIVLAZ®

SLIGHTLY BEHIND

New target is JPY 15-16Bn

02

JNDA approval for daridorexant in Japan

 \bigcirc

Sep. 2024

Acquire/in-license <u>at least one</u> late-stage medicine for Japan/APAC (ex-China)

NOT ACHIEVED

04

Execute at least one new major partnership, and initiate <u>at least one</u> new in-house Ph.1 study







EP4 ag.

05

<u>PMI investment</u> in new brand concept, plus systems and applications for efficiency and scalability

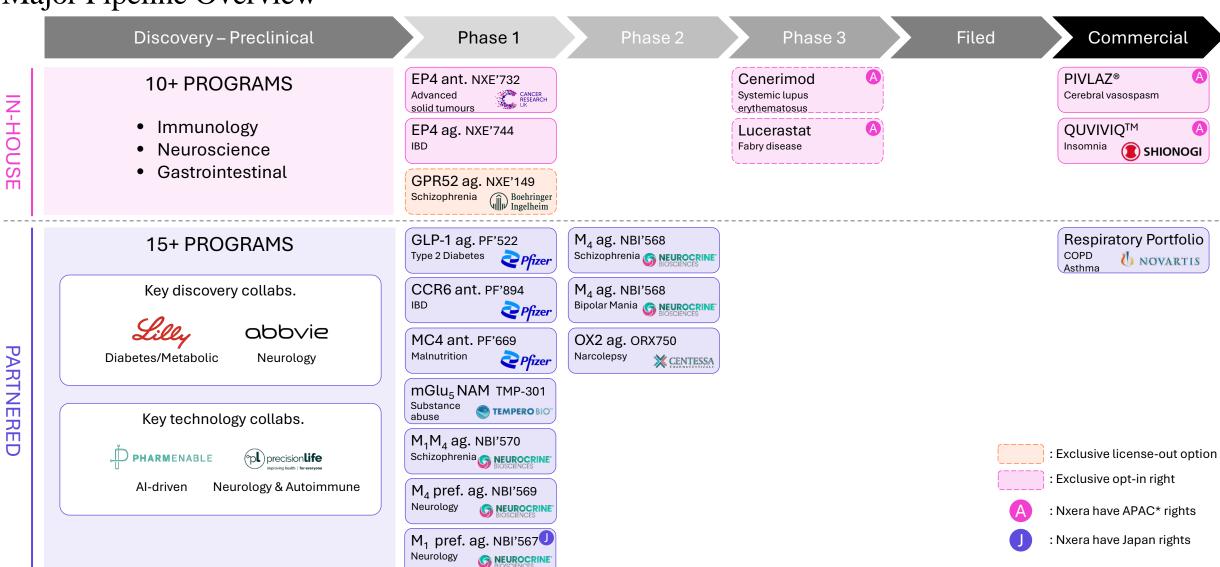


Done as planned





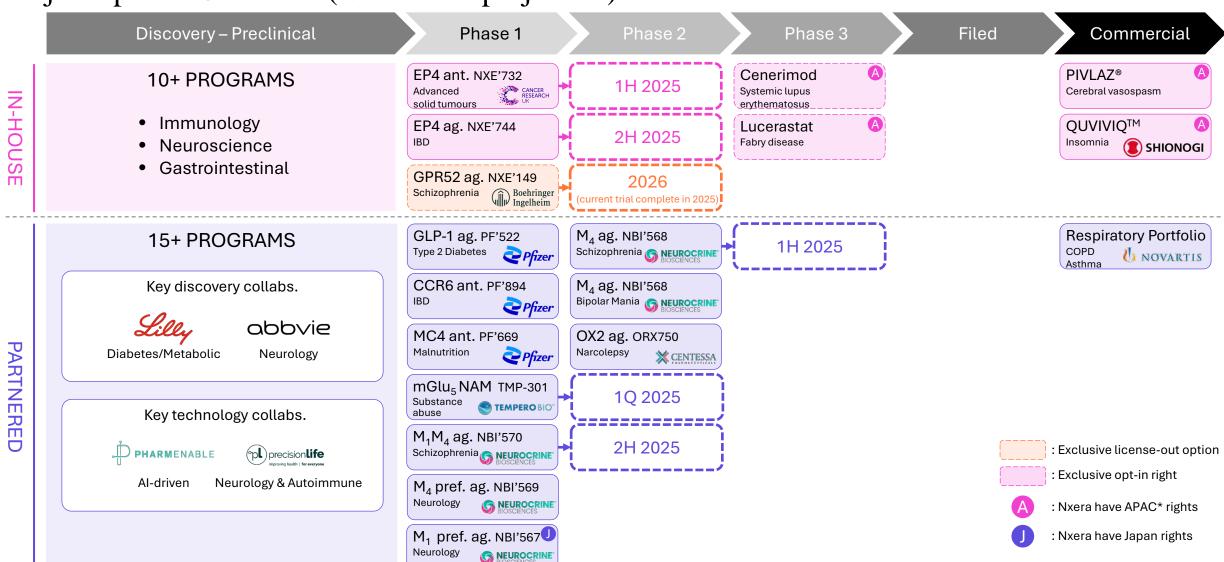
Major Pipeline Overview



OVERVIEW



Major Pipeline Overview (with future projection)





Potential catalysts in 2025*

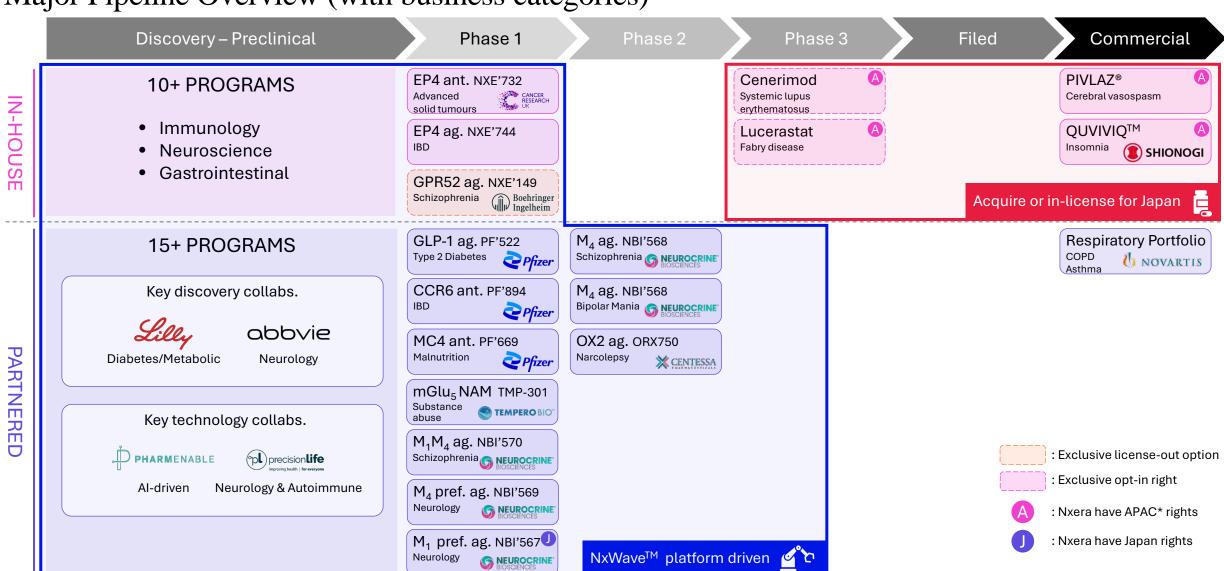
PROGRAM	PARTNER	TIMING	EVENT
TMP-301 (mGlu5 NAM)	€ TEMPERO BIO™	Q1 2025	Phase 2 study start in alcohol use disorder
Cenerimod (S1P1) / Lucerastat	idorsia	Q1 2025	Exclusive opt-in decision
NXE'732 (EP4 antagonist)	NXEIO CANCER RESEARCH	Q1 2025	Phase 2 study start in Advancing Solid Tumors
NBI'568 (M4 agonist)	NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES	H1 2025	Phase 3 study start in Schizophrenia
NBI'568 (M4 agonist)	NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES	H2 2025	Phase 2 study start in Bipolar Mania
NBI'570 (M1/M4 agonist)	S NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES	H2 2025	Phase 2 study start in Schizophrenia
NXE'744 (EP4 agonist)	NXera:∼	H2 2025	Phase 2 study start in IBD
NXE'149 (GPR52 ag)	NXCIO Boehringer Ingelheim	H2 2025	Phase 1b completion
ORX750 (OX2 agonist)	CENTESSA	H2 2025	Phase 2a data across NT1, NT2, and IH
Multiple discovery collaboration progress	abbvie <i>Lilly</i>	2025	Progression through discovery stage
NBI'567 (M1 ago) / NBI'569 (M4 ago) / NBI'570 (M1/M4 ago)	NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES	2025	Phase 1 data readout
New global out-licenses		Anytime	Out licensing and/or discovery collabs
New Japan / APAC in-licenses		Anytime	Acquire/in-license late-stage medicines
QUVIVIQ™		Anytime	APAC out-licensing deals



OVERVIEW

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Major Pipeline Overview (with business categories)



Note: Pref. ag.: Preferring agonist

Key strategy for each business category

Maximize the value of each business and demonstrate synergies by conducting integrated development in future

NxWave[™] platform driven



Acquire or in-license for Japan



Organic Growth

- Collaborate with existing partner to help them to progress pipeline licensed from us
- Execute at least one new high value collaboration and/or co-investment per year

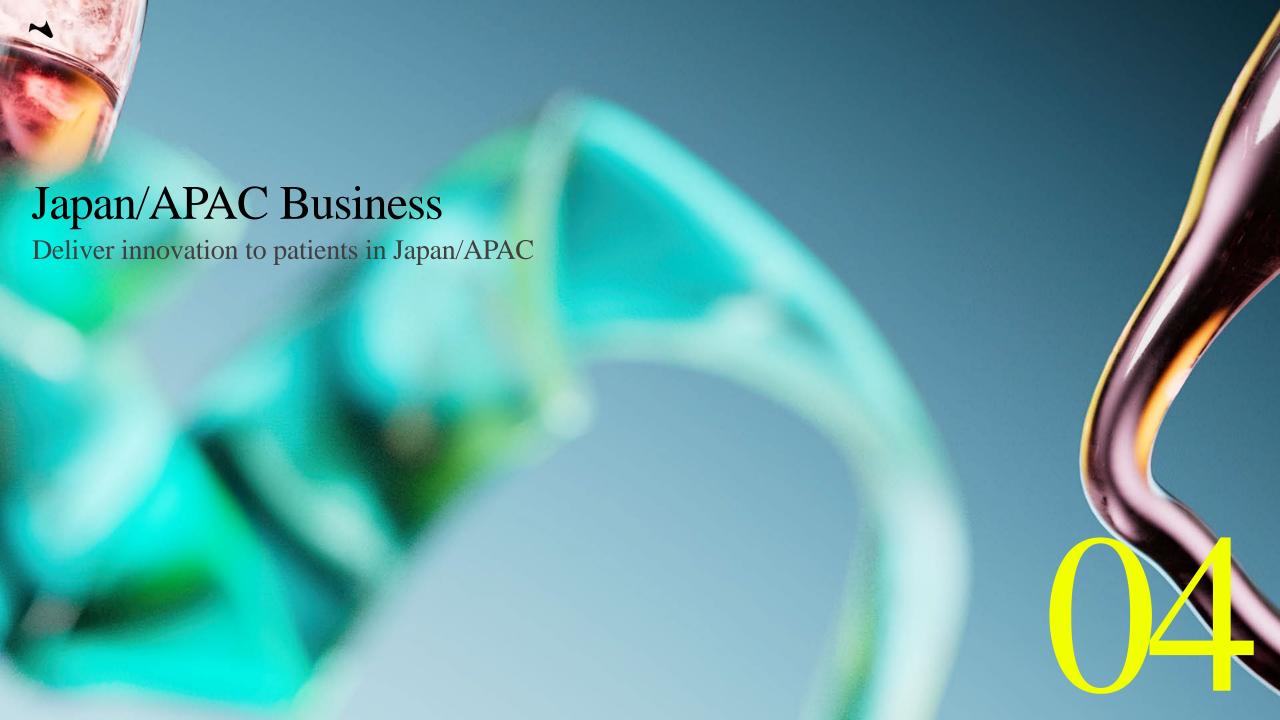
Maximize and optimize sales and profit for two major products (PIVLAZ®/QUVIVIQ™)



Collaborate/invest in new technologies with synergies

 In-license late-stage products for clinical development and commercialization in Japan and APAC





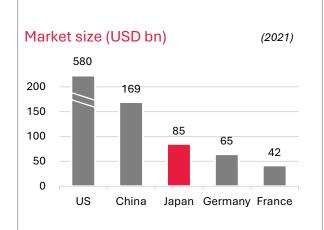
PIPELINE

Japan will serve as our base to expand across APAC markets

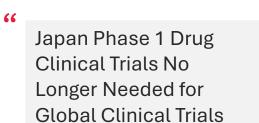
Japan is an attractive, established market with strong volumes



Japan is the second largest pharma market (ex-China)



Tailwinds from nearterm regulatory changes

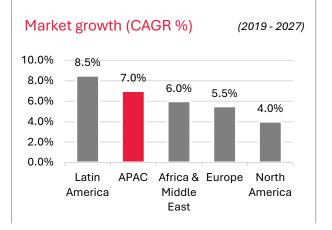




High quality clinical and regulatory environment

- Excellent access to Doctors/HCPs who evaluate novel drugs
- Typically achieve strong patient uptake
- Reduces drug loss and drug lag for Japan patients

APAC is the second highest growth pharma market



Source: IQVIA Market Prognosis, Sep 2022; IQVIA Institute, Nov 2022. APAC (ex-China) territory includes South Korea, Australia, Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, New Zealand, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand and Vietnam



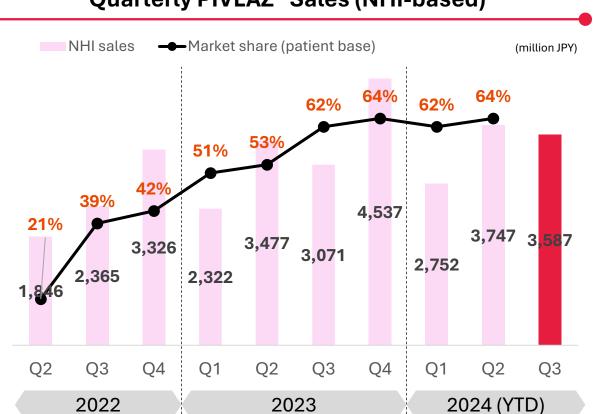
PIPELINE

Our product: PIVLAZ®

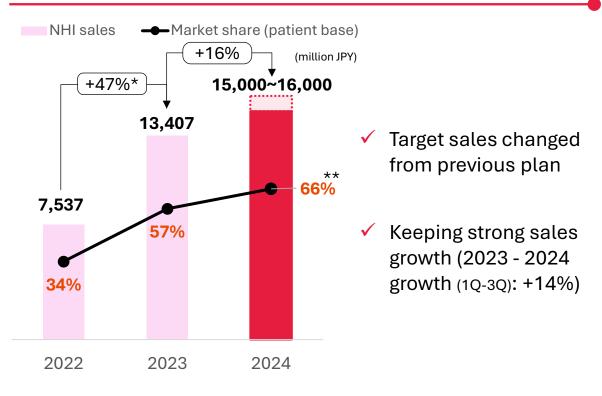
Our first commercially available medicine is penetrating the market and protecting lives every day.

PIVLAZ clazosentan commercial

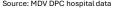
Quarterly PIVLAZ® Sales (NHI-based)



Yearly PIVLAZ® sales and its growth



PIVLAZ® is rapidly spreading and becoming standard of care in prevention of cerebral vasospasm



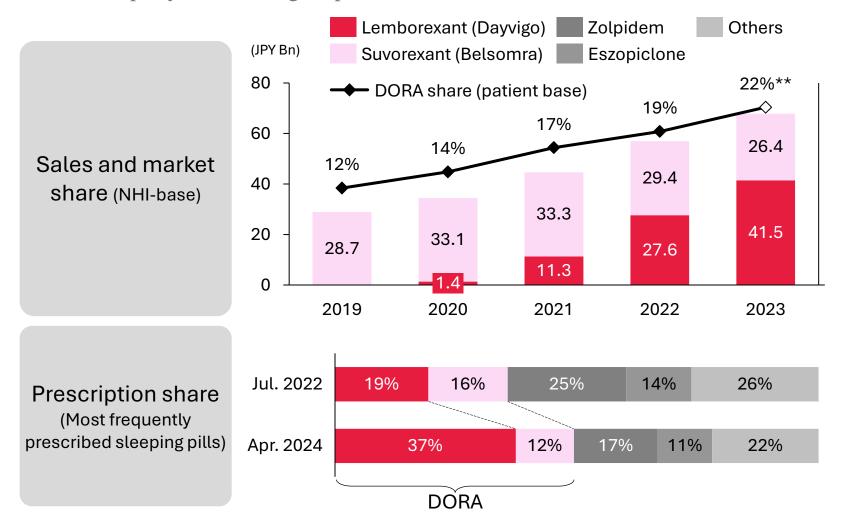
^{*:} Comparison of 2-4Q of 2022 and 2023, **: Estimation from previous trend



OUVIVIQTM*: A Novel Dual Orexin Receptor Antagonist (DORA)



DORA is rapidly establishing its position in insomnia treatment



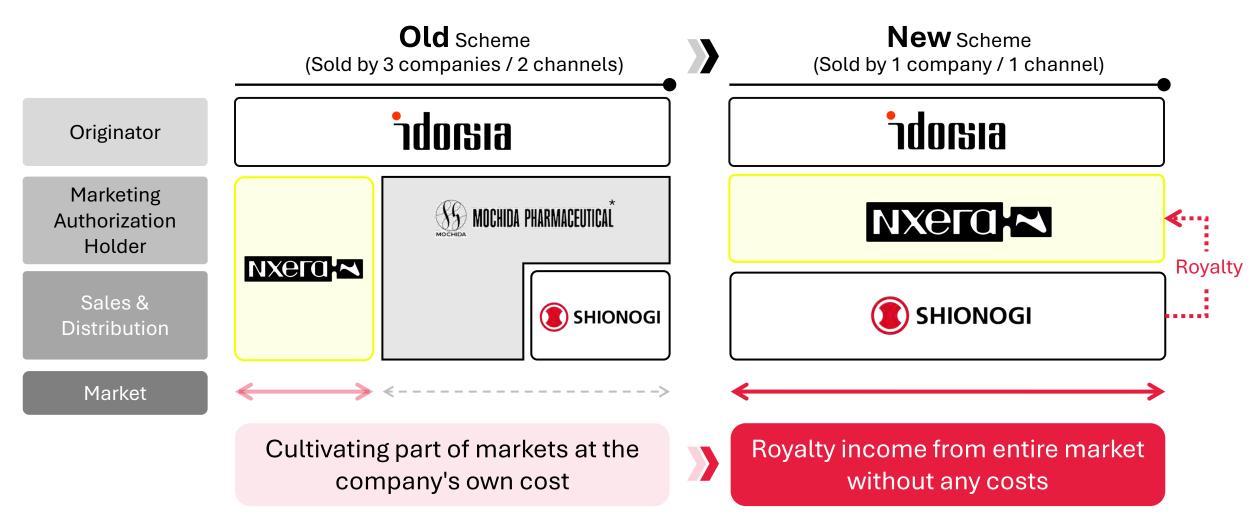
- DORAs are rapidly penetrating the insomnia treatment market in Japan
- Japan is one of the largest **DORA** markets

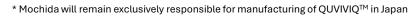


QUVIVIQTM Business scheme change

SHIONOGI to Exclusively Handle Distribution and Sales Activities in Japan









PIPELINE

In-house pipeline: QUVIVIQTM





JNDA approval received in Sep. 2024 and launched in Dec. 2024. Aim to be the best-in-class drug

Unmet needs in insomnia





Nocturnal awakenings



Rapid sleep onset



Carry-over effects to the next day after medication



Dual Orexin Receptor Antagonist



European Guideline



PK profile

Alleviates excessive wakefulness through strong inhibition of orexin receptors

Recommended in the 2023 European Insomnia Guidelines as the only orexin receptor antagonist that can be used 1

T_{max}: about 0.5-1.4 hour

T_{1/2}: about **6-9 hour**

Significant improvement in next-day sleepiness and daytime functioning confirmed in global phase 3 trials ²

Aim to be the Best-in-class drug in DORA class

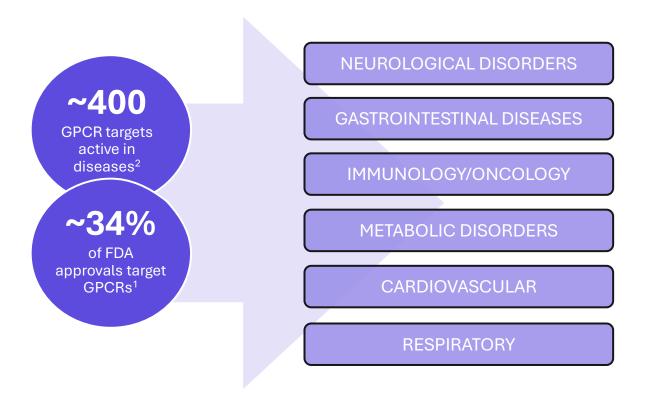


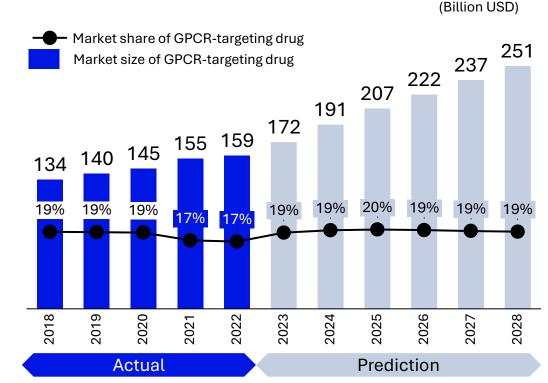


NxWaveTM platform is focussed on drugging GPCRs

Platform

GPCRs are the largest family of drug discovery targets – comprising 1/3 of all FDA approved drugs





GPCRs are active in a wide range of disease areas, and offer broad therapeutic potential

Drugs that target GPCRs account for 20% of the entire pharmaceutical market



GPCR: Large unmet needs and FIC opportunities

>650 First-in-class opportunities in GPCR-targeting drug



Best-in-class opportunities (~120): Drugs are available



Total ~800 drug opportunities (~400 GPCRs are thought to be drug targets)



PIPELINE

NxWaveTM platform enables faster, cheaper and more precise drug discovery

Platform

World-leading science and platform enables efficient drug discovery against difficult targets

	Conventional drug discovery	Our drug discovery	
Approach	Empirical design	Rational design (computer-based)	
Method	High Throughput Screening (HTS ¹)	Proprietary NxWave [™] Platform	
Period ²	4.5 years on average	3.0 years on average	
Costs ²	\$15 million	\$5 million	
Features ³	Difficult to design drugs precisely – high development attrition rate	Execute more precise drug design – lower development attrition rate	
Target ³	Difficult for GPCRs with unstable structures	Best for GPCRs with unstable structures	

³ Precise drug design make clear the binding site of target, make easier to improve compound, create backups and redo – potentially increase the success rate. GPCR is most popular drug target which account for 30% of current drug target.



¹ HTS/High Throughput Screening is a method to find drug candidates by reacting tens of thousands to millions of compounds with drug targets using large machines and human hands.

² The period from target selection to preclinical testing. For conventional drug discovery, figures are taken from NATURE REVIEWS Drug Discovery (MARCH 2010).

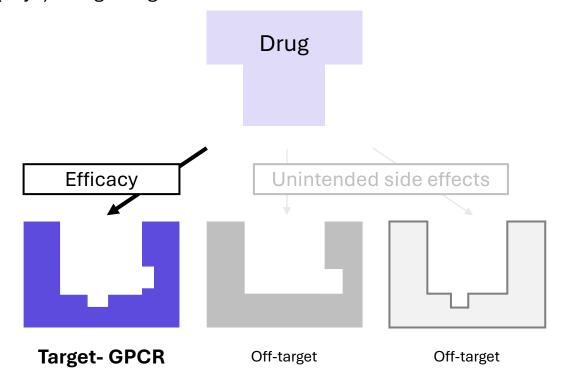
Our platform enables precise design of GPCR models

Only by performing detailed structural analysis can we design great drugs.



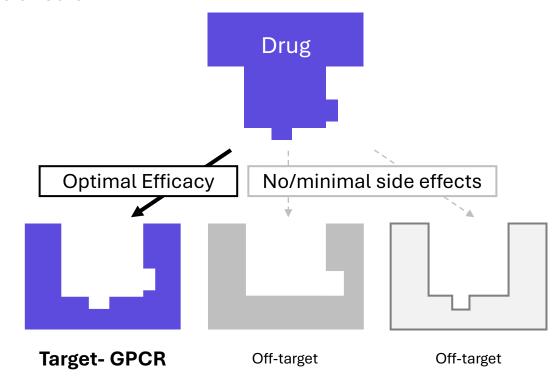
Imprecise GPCR model: Standard Medicine

Poorly understood GPCRs (locks) led to suboptimal drugs (keys) being designed



Precise GPCR model: Optimized Medicine

High selectivity enables to **optimize efficacy and minimize side effects**

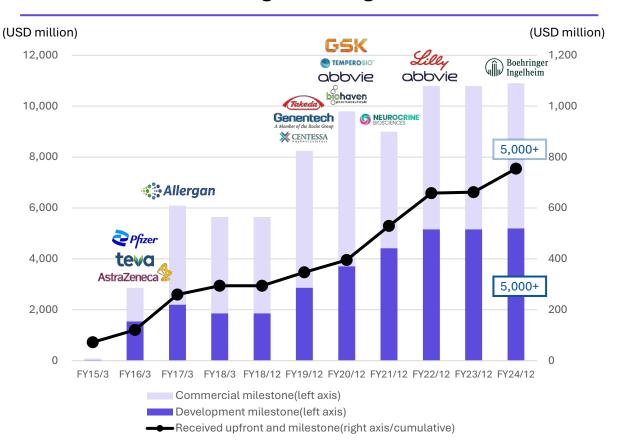




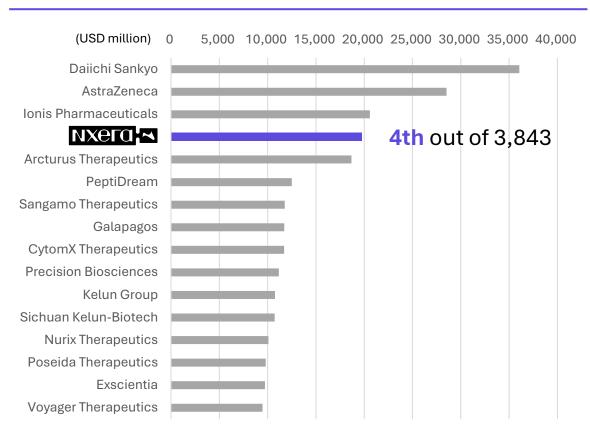
Our track record of major licensing transactions speaks for itself...

Income from licensing provides a great source of non-dilutive financing to support our growth

Balance of potential milestone income from existing license agreements¹



Top 15 pharmaceutical/biotech companies by license value² (cumulative total since 2015)



¹ Balance as of the end of the fiscal year of only those currently under contract. TEVA and AbbVie (formerly Allergan), for which compounds were returned, are excluded from the balances from FY2018 and FY2021, respectively.



² The figures are based on 'Licensing' category on third party's (EvaluatePharma's) proprietary database and therefore do not completely match the amounts shown in the LHS chart. Source: Company's data (LHS) and EvaluatePharma (as of 2024/10/17) (RHS)

... hundreds of millions of dollars received, billions of dollars in potential to come

Platform

New collaboration and exclusive option to license agreement executed with Boehringer Ingelheim

Partner	Execution	Program	Therapeutic Area(s)	Upfront and Initial Milestones	Potential Total Milestone ¹
Boehringer Ingelheim	March 2024	Collaboration and exclusive option-to- license agreement for GPR52 agonist	Schizophrenia	€25m	€670m
Lilly	December 2022	Multi-target Collaboration	Diabetes and Metabolic	\$37m	\$800m
abbyie	August 2022	Multi-target Collaboration	Neurological disorders	\$80m	\$1.2 bn
NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES	December 2021	Collaboration and license agreement for M ₄ , M ₁ and M ₁ /M ₄ dual agonist	Neurological disorders	\$100m	\$2.6bn
GSK	December 2020	Collaboration and license agreement for GPR 35	Gastrointestinal, immunology	\$44m	\$480m
bjohaven	December 2020	Collaboration and license agreement for CGRP portfolio	Neurology	\$10m	\$380m
abbvie	June 2020	Discovery Collaboration and Option to License ²	Inflammatory and Autoimmune	\$32m	\$400m
Takeda	August 2019	Multi-target Collaboration	Multiple; Initial focus on Gastrointestinal	\$26m	\$1.2bn
Genentech A Member of the Roche Group	July 2019	Multi-target Collaboration	Multiple	\$26m	\$1.0bn
₹ Pfizer	November 2015	Multi-target Collaboration	Multiple	<u>-</u>	\$1.8bn

¹Potential option fees, development, regulatory and commercial milestone payments agreed at the time of transaction. Nxera is also eligible to receive tiered royalties ranging from high single digit to mid-teen percentage on future net sales of any products developed under the partnership. ² AbbVie has the option to expand the collaboration by an additional three targets



M4 ago. (NBI'568) demonstrated competitive positive phase 2 data



Once-daily 20 mg dose showed efficacy, and good safety / tolerability profile for schizophrenia patients.

Clinically meaningful and statistically significant efficacy (Once-daily 20 mg dose)	>	PANSS total score change	-18.2		
	>	PANSS total score change vs. Placebo	-7.5 (p = 0.011)	Met primary and additional endpoints and	
	>	Effect size	0.61		
	>	Marder Factor score change vs Placebo:		demonstrated <u>efficacy</u> on both positive and	
		• Positive	-3.0 (p=0.004)	negative symptoms	
		 Negative 	-1.9 (p=0.028)		
Generally safe and well-tolerated across all doses tested	>	Treatment discontinuation rate due to adverse events across all NBI'568 arms	5.0% (placebo: 4.3%)	NBI'568 showed safety	
	>	GI and CV adverse event frequency (Cobenfy (BMS/Karuna): 3-5x (GI), ~4x (CV) vs. placebo)	Similar to placebo	and tolerability for all doses	
Rapidly advancing to Phase 3 development	>	Received successful milestone of Ph2 trial	US\$ 35 m		
	>	Ph3 clinical trial	begin in 1H 2025	Expanding potential of	
	development > Additional Ph2 trial in Bipolar Mania		begin in 2H 2025	muscarinic agonist portfolio	
	>	Advancing follow-on compounds in muscarinic	agonist portfolio		

Source: Presentation of Neurocrine Sciences (Aug.28 2024), KarXT for Schizophrenia draft evidence report (Nov. 28, 2023)

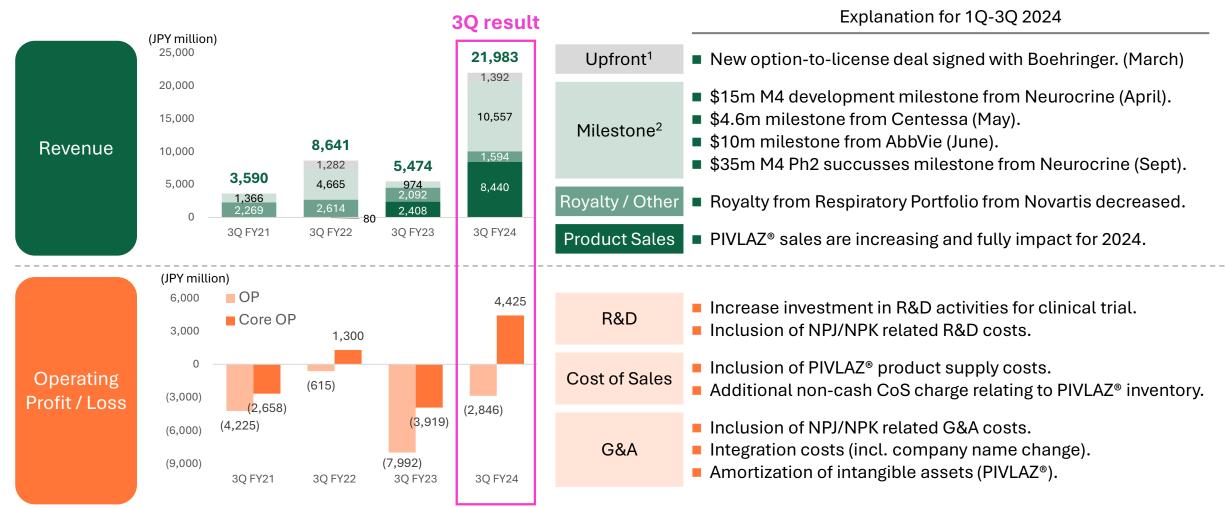




PIPELINE

Key financial indicators

Full impact of NPJ/NPK product sales and cost base reflected in FY2024



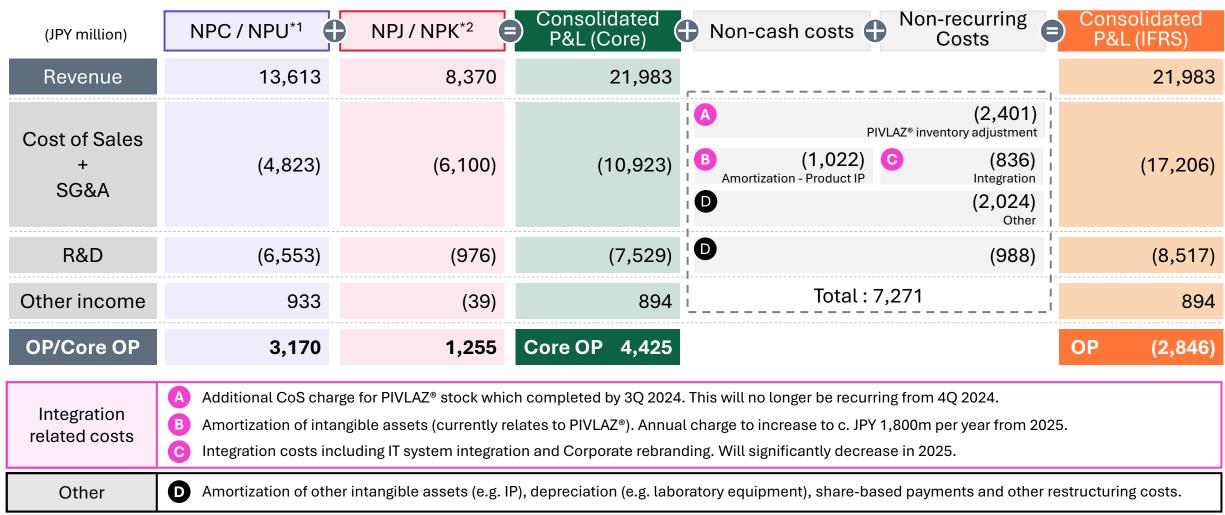
¹ Upfront fee revenue recognised at deal inception



² Milestone revenue recognised at milestone event + deferred revenue releases

Breakdown of 3Q 2024 result

Impact of Non-cash/Non-recurring costs on full-year result is more significant in 2024 due to the inclusion of Idorsia businesses



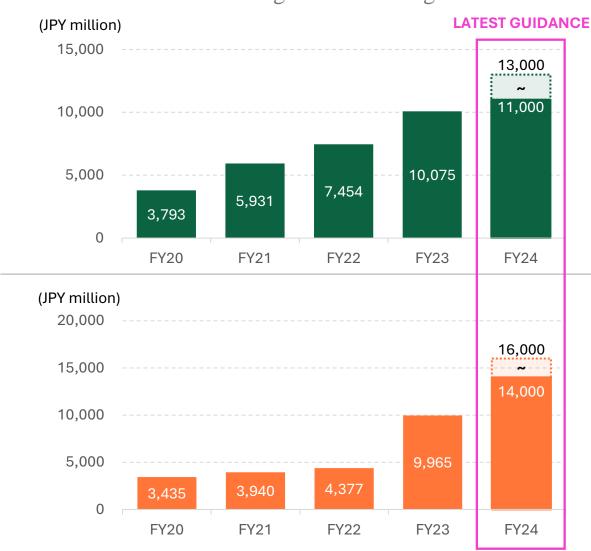
^{*1 =} Nxera Pharma Co. Ltd. (formerly Sosei Group Corporation) + Nxera Pharma UK Ltd (formerly Heptares Therapeutics Ltd.) + Sosei K.K

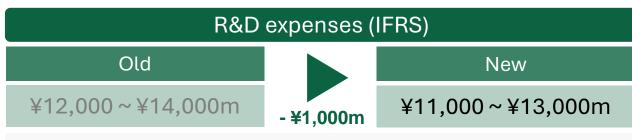


^{*2 =} Nxera Pharma Japan (formerly Idorsia Pharmaceuticals Japan) + Nxera Pharma Korea (formerly Idorsia Pharmaceuticals Korea)

Full year cost guidance

Incremental investment designed to deliver greater returns over the medium to long term





Major points on FY24

- Investment in discovery and translational medicine capabilities.
- 1 clinical trial initiated for in-house program (EP4 ag.)
- Advancing in-house programs further through the clinic will deliver higher out-licensing revenues



Major points on FY24

- Includes NPJ¹/NPK² SG&A costs for a full year.
- Increase in support for PIVLAZ® to drive growth.
- Increase in amortization charge for PIVLAZ® and QUVIVIQTM(c. ¥1,600m)
- PMI relating costs for NPJ/NPK (c. ¥1,000m)

Our Wave 1 and Wave 2 programs are positioned across fast growing areas of healthcare

WAVE2 (Potential Launch by 2035) WAVE1 (Potential Launch by 2030) CENTESSA PHARMACEUTICALS **CENTESSA**PHARMACEUTICALS NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES NXeLCI ✓ TEMPERO BIO **MARKET SIZE** Neurology mGlu5 NAM Prec Ox2 agonists M4 pref. agonist **GPR52** agonist M4 agonist Ox2 agonist (2030)Substance Use Schizophrenia Schizophrenia Neuropsych-related Narcolepsy M1 pref. agonist Disorders sleep disorders M4 agonist \$120bn+ Cognitive & psychosis abbvie Bipolar Mania -related disorders Disc Multiple targets M1/M4 agonist Neurology Schizophrenia **Pfizer** Metabolic **MARKET SIZE** (2030)**GLP-1** agonist **Multiple targets** T2D / Obesity \$150bn+ T2D/Obesity and MC4 antagonist Others Malnutrition Immunology **MARKET SIZE P**fizer NXeLa ✓ (2030)G **CCR6** antagonist EP4 antagonist + PD-L1 EP4 agonist

JPY250bn (max total royalty potential at peak)

IBD

Multi billion USD milestones and royalties

IBD

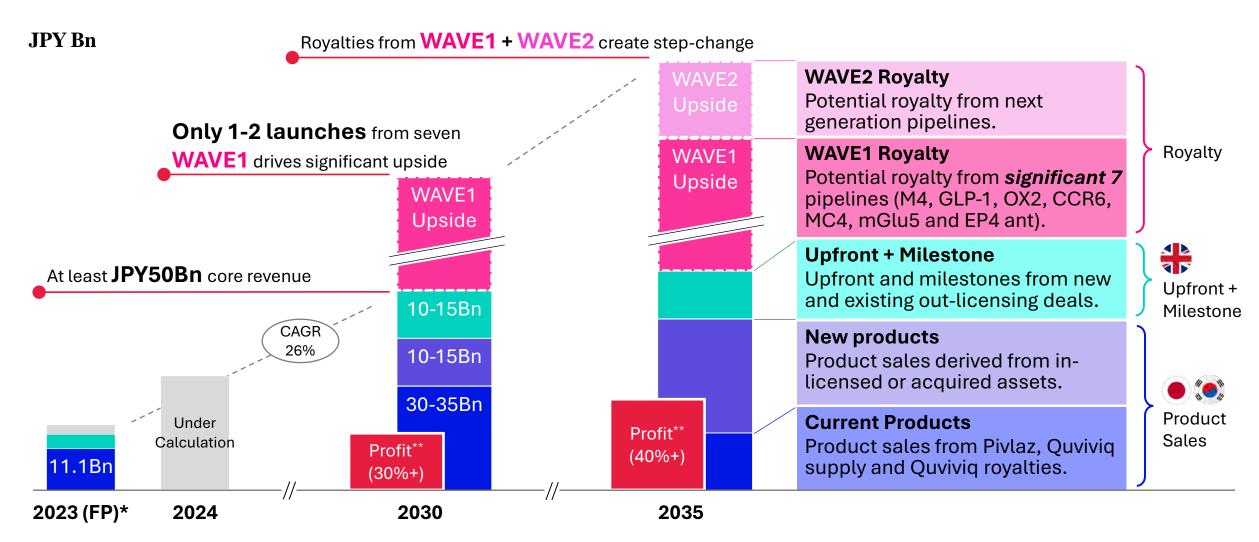


\$300bn+

Immune-oncology for

Advanced Solid Tumors

Our 2030 vision is to build a high growth, highly profitable Japanese biopharma



Note: * Revenue values are proforma the acquisition of Idorsia Pharmaceuticals Japan and Korea and reflect annual product sales of Pivlaz in 2023.

** WAVE1 and WAVE2 royalty is not included.

39





Exclusive Opt-in Rights And ROFN/ROFR¹

Option to develop up to seven clinical programs for Japan and APAC (ex-China) from Idorsia

	Program	Mechanism of Action	Indication	Stage	Region
Exclusive	Cenerimod	S1P1 receptor modulator	Systemic lupus erythematosus	Phase 3	
Opt-in Right	Lucerastat Glucosylceramide synthase inhibit		Fabry disease	Phase 3	
	ACT-1004-1239	ACKR3 / CXCR7 antagonist	Multiple sclerosis and other demyelinating diseases	Phase 2*	APAC
ROFR	ACT-1014-6470	C5aR1 antagonist	Immune-mediated disorders	Phase 1*	(ex-China) ²
/ROFN ¹	IDOR-1117-2520	Undisclosed	Immune-mediated disorders	Phase 1*	
	ACT-777991 CXCR3 antagonist		Recent-onset Type 1 diabetes	Phase 1*	



¹ ROFN/ROFR - Right of first negotiation / Right of first refusal

² Territories include Japan, South Korea, Australia, Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, New Zealand, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand and Vietnam

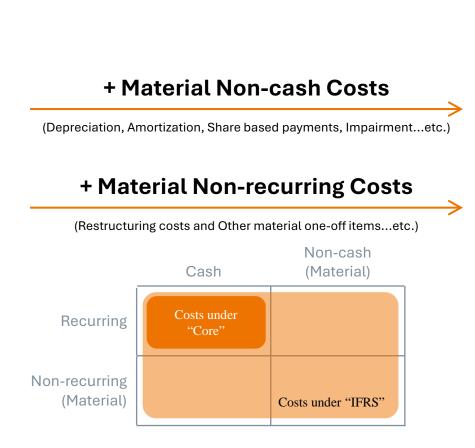
^{*} Global Phase

Core Operating Profit - Definition

Core Operating Profit/Loss – a financial indicator closer to the reality of our business

"Core"

- Core Operating Profit/ Loss is a key financial indicator that highlights the underlying recurring cash generating capability of our business.
- Core Operating Profit/Loss is defined as IFRS Operating Profit + material Non-cash costs + material non-recurring costs
- Material Non-cash Costs include depreciation, amortization, share based payments and impairment.
- Material Non-recurring Costs include restructuring costs, M&A related professional fees and other material one-off items.



Operating Profit

"IFRS"

 Financial results recorded and prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)



Estimation of potential market size

Multi-billion USD annual peak sales potential for our post-pre-clinical pipeline

Catagamy	Indication?	Number of Patients	Pe	eak Sales	Candidates	
Category	Indication ²		Market Size	Individual Products	Candidates	
	Dementia	~55 million	\$7.3 billion (2010)	\$3.9 billion (2009/Aricept)	M1 ag, M1/M4 ag	
Nauraasianaa	Schizophrenia	~20 million	\$20.7 billion (2011)	\$5.7 billion (2013/Abilify)	M4 ag, M1/M4 ag, GPR52 ag	
Neuroscience	Substance use disorders	~10.4 million ¹		-	mGlu5 NAM	
	Narcolepsy	~3 million	\$2.5 billion (2024)	\$1.4 billion (2024/Xywav)	OX2 ag	
	Cancer	~42 million	\$210.5 billion (2024)	\$28.7 billion (2024/Keytruda)	EP4 ant	
Immunology	IBD	~10 million	\$23.8 billion (2024)	\$6.2 billion (2022/Humira)	CCR6 ant, GPR35 ag, EP4 ag	
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus	~5 million	\$2.7 billion (2024)	\$1.9 billion (2024/Benlysta)	Cenerimod	
Metabolism	T2DM/Obesity	~420 million	\$76.8 billion (2024)	\$18.2 billion (2024/Ozempic)	GLP1 ag	
Metabotisiii	Anorexia	~10 million			MC4 ant	
	Total		~\$344 billion/year	~\$66 billion/year		

Source (Number of patients): World Health Organization, Evaluate Pharma, The European Federation of Crohn's & Ulcerative Colitis Associations (EFCCA), Narcolepsy Network, Inc., The Lupus Foundation of America, GBD 2015 Disease and Injury Incidence and Prevalence Collaborators (October 2016). "Global, regional, and national incidence, prevalence, and years lived with disability for 310 diseases and injuries, 1990-2015: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015". Lancet. 388 (10053): 1545–1602 ¹ The number of patients with drug addiction

Source (Peak Sales): Sales of each indications are extracted form Evaluate Pharma's data of sales by disease and sales by individual products (as of 25 December 2024). 2 Nxera may target one segment in the market for specific diseases



Partnered pipeline (1/2)

Compound	Target / Mechanism of Action	Modality	Indication	Partner	Disc.	PCC	Ph1	Ph2	Ph3	Арр	Mkt
Partnered											
Seebri® Breezhaler®	LAMA	SME	COPD	U NOVARTIS							
Ultibro® Breezhaler®	LAMA+LABA	SME	COPD	b novartis							
Enerzair® Breezhaler®	LAMA+LABA+ICS	SME	Asthma	() NOVARTIS							
ORAVI®	Antifungal agent miconazole	SME	Oropharyngeal candidiasis	cklisamitsu							
NBI-1117568	Muscarinic M4 agonist	SME	Schizophrenia	NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES							
NBI-1117568	Muscarinic M4 agonist	SME	Bipolar Mania	NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES							
NBI-1117569	Muscarinic M4 preferring agonist	SME	Neurology diseases	NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES							
NBI-1117570	Muscarinic M1/M4 agonist	SME	Neurology diseases	NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES							
NBI-1117567	Muscarinic M1 preferring agonist	SME	Neurology diseases	NEUROCRINE® BIOSCIENCES							
PF-07054894	CCR6 antagonist	SME	Inflammatory bowel disease	₹ Pfizer							
PF-07258669	MC4 antagonist	SME	Malnutrition	₹ Pfizer							
PF-06954522	GLP-1 agonist	SME	Type 2 Diabetes	₹ Pfizer							
(Not disclosed)	CGRP antagonist	SME	Neurology diseases	₹ Pfizer							
(Not disclosed)	Multi target	SME/LME	Multiple indications	Genentech A Member of the Roche Group	_						
(Not disclosed)	Multi target	SME	Neurology	abbvie	_						
(Not disclosed)	Multi target	SME	Diabetes/Metabolic	Lilly	_						



PIPELINE

Partnered pipeline (2/2)

Compound	Target / Mechanism of Action	Modality	Indication	Partner	Disc.	PCC	Ph1	Ph2	Ph3	Арр	Mkt
Co-development											
KY1051	CXCR4 mAb	mAb	Immuno-oncology	sanofi							
(Not disclosed)	Al-Augmented Drug Discovery	SME	Neurology diseases	PHARMENABLE							
(Not disclosed)	Multi targe	SME/LME	Immune / Neurology diseases	precision life reproving halfth for everyone							
Co-owned compan	ies										
TMP-301	mGlu5 NAM	SME	Substance use disorders	S TEMPERO BIO™							
ORX750	OX2 agonist (Oral)	SME	Narcolepsy Type 1/2, IH	X CENTESSA OF Crexia							
ORX142	OX2 agonist (Oral)	SME	EDS in neurology	X CENTESSA Therapeutics							
ORX489	OX2 agonist (Oral)	SME	Neurology	X CENTESSA Therapeutics							



In-house pipeline

Compound	Target / Mechanism	Modality	Indication	Partner	Disc.	PCC	Ph1	Ph2	Ph3	Арр	Mkt
In-house Programs											
PIVLAZ®	ETA antagonist	SME	Cerebral vasospasm	NX6LQ ✓							
QUVIVIQ™	Dual Orexin antagonist	SME	Insomnia	SHIONOGI							
NXE0048149 ¹	GPR52 agonist	SME	Neurology diseases	Boehringer Ingelheim							
NXE0039732	EP4 antagonist	SME	Immuno-oncology	NX6LQ '✓							
NXE0033744	EP4 agonist	SME	Inflammatory bowel disease	NXera ' ~							
NXE0027477	GPR35 agonist	SME	Inflammatory bowel disease	NXera ' ~							
(Not disclosed)	Muscarinic M1 agonist (JP)	SME	Neurology diseases	NX6LQ.'✓							
(Not disclosed)	SARS CoV-2 Mpro	SME	Coronaviruses	NXera:~	_						
Multiple programs	Not disclosed	SME/LME	Neurology diseases	NX6LQ.'✓	_						
Multiple programs	Not disclosed	SME/LME	GI and Inflammatory diseases	NXera¦~	_						
Multiple programs	Not disclosed	SME/LME	Immunology diseases	NX6LQ.'⊶							
In-house Programs (No	longer internally funded. Targetin	g academic / i	ndustrial partnership)								
NXE'310	SSTR5 agonist	Peptide	Hypoglycaemic disorders	NXeLa.'✓							
NXE'097	GLP-1 antagonist	Peptide	Hypoglycaemic disorders	ихега ∼							
NXE'023	Dual GLP-2/GLP-1 agonist	Peptide	Intestinal failure/NASH	NXeLa.'⊶							
(Not disclosed)	Apelin agonist	Peptide	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension	NXeLa.'⊶							
NXE'641	Dual orexin antagonist	SME	Insomnia and sleep disorders	NX6L0 ✓							
(Not disclosed)	PAR-2 mAb	mAb	Atopic Dermatitis/Pain	ихега 🛰							



Clinical Trials

Compound	MoA	Condition	Phase	Size	Patient	Start	Completion*	Last Update	Link (main/latest)	Link (others)
NBI-1117568	M4 agonist	Schizophrenia	Ph2	210	Yes	2022-10-04	2024-07-10	2024-09-27	NCT05545111	-
NBI-1117569	M4 preferring agonist	Neurology diseases	Ph1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NBI-1117570	M1/M4 agonist	Neurology diseases	Ph1	-	No	2024-03-11	2025-09-04	2024-10-30	2023-508814-40-00	-
NBI-1117567	M1 preferring agonist	Neurology diseases	Ph1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PF-07054894	CCR6 antagonist	Inflammatory bowel diseases	Ph1	27	Yes	2022-11-07	2026-01-14	2024-10-08	NCT05549323	NCT06327880 NCT04388878
PF-07258669	MC4 antagonist	Malnutrition	Ph1	14	No	2025-01-02	2025-02-11	2024-11-27	NCT06706869	NCT04628793 NCT05113940
PF-06954522	GLP-1 agonist	T2DM/Obesity	Ph1	122	Yes	2024-02-20	2024-12-31	2024-09-19	NCT06279234	NCT06393517 NCT06003777
TMP-301	mGlu5 NAM	Substance use disorders	Ph2	100	Yes	2024-11-14	2025-11-15	2024-12-19	NCT06648655	NCT06648668 NCT06025396 NCT03785054
ORX750	OX2 agonist	Narcolepsy Type 1/2, IH	Ph2	78	Yes	2024-12-23	2025-12	2024-12-31	NCT06752668	-
NXE0048149	GPR52 agonist	Neurology diseases	Ph1	up to 104	No	2023-02-20	2024-11-29	2024-04-18	ISRCTN17231793	-
NXE0039732	EP4 antagonist	Immuno-oncology	Ph1 Ph2	150	Yes	2023-07-13	2026-09	2024-12-02	NCT05944237	-
NXE0033744	EP4 agonist	Inflammatory bowel diseases	Ph1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-





Exchange Rate, Intangible Assets and Non-core Costs

Average exchange rate during period (actual)

	FY2024 Q3	FY2023 Q3	FY2022 Q3
USD:JPY	151.14	138.09	127.94
GRP:JPY	192.92	171.91	160.51

Assumed exchange rate for key cost estimates

	FY2024	FY2023	FY2022
USD:JPY	140	143	109
GRP:JPY	172	166	-

Intangible assets

Other

Total

	Dec 31, 2023	Dec 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021
PIVLAZ®	37,527	-	-
Core technology	8,466	8,217	8,761
QUVIVIQ™	5,825	-	-
Customer-related assets	227	219	225
Oravi®	89	101	112

157

52,291

40

8,577

Non-core costs (Q3)

(JPY mn)

	FY 2024 Q3	FY 2023 Q3	FY 2022 Q3
Cost of sales adjustment	2,401	683	-
Amortization	1,776	875	579
Depreciation	1,205	621	421
Share-based Payments	1,025	568	382
Integration costs	836	-	-
Restructuring costs	28	53	533
M&A related costs	-	1,272	-
Total	7,271	4,072	1,915

Non-core costs (full year)

(JPY mn)

	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021
Cost of sales adjustment	1,812	-	-
Amortization	1,495	782	737
M&A related costs	1,263	-	-
Depreciation	983	563	541
Share-based Payments	844	542	713
Restructuring costs	53	533	
Impairment	-	-	3,138
Total	6,450	2,420	5,129



22

9,120

(JPY mn)



		Basic Terminology/Technology
GPCR	G Protein-Coupled Receptor	There are about 800 types of GPCRs in the human body. While 400 of them are known to be potential drug targets, about 300 of them are not yet drugged
NxStaR™	Stabilized Receptor	Nxera' proprietary technology to stabilize a GPCR by engineering a small number of single point mutations outside of the ligand-binding site. It enables to identify the structure of GPCRs to be used for SBDD drug discovery as well as antibody drug discovery as antigens
SBDD	Structure-Based Drug Design	A method to design drugs on a computer base based on the analysis of the three-dimensional structure of the drug target (e.g., protein receptor)
TPD	Targeted Protein Degradation	Drugs that promote the degradation of target proteins (e.g., receptors) in cells and aim for therapeutic effects by reducing disease-causing proteins
PAM	Positive Allosteric Modulator	A regulator that binds to unusual active sites (allosteric sites) on the receptor to increase the affinity and effect of the agonist
NAM	Negative Allosteric Modulator	A regulator that binds to an unusual active site on the receptor (allosteric site) and reduces the affinity and effectiveness of the agonist
Ag	Agonist	A therapeutic drug that binds to a receptor and activates an intracellular signaling system similar to biological substances
Ant	Antagonist	A therapeutic drug that suppresses biological reactions by binding to receptors and preventing them from binding to biological substances
PK	Pharmacokinetics	Research and testing on the relationship between drug dosage and blood concentration. Mainly describes the rate process of ADME
PD	Pharmacodynamics	Research and testing on the relationship between drug concentration and pharmacological effects
ADME	Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion	A series of process in the absorption of drugs into the body, distribution within the body, metabolism in the liver and other organs, and excretion in the kidneys and other organs
POM	Proof of Mechanism	Proof of mechanism of action, mainly through biomarkers. It can suggest the possibility of efficacy in fewer cases than POC
POC	Proof of Concept	Proof of a therapeutic concept, primarily through clinical efficacy and safety
Ach	Acetylcholine	A neurotransmitter released from the peripheral parasympathetic and motor nerves to transmit nerve stimuli
IND	Investigational New Drug	Information packages for development candidates to be submitted to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) at the time of initiation of clinical trials
Ph1	Phase1	A study in humans. The main purpose is to confirm the safety of the drug candidate mainly by healthy volunteers.
Ph2	Phase2	A study in humans. The main purpose is to confirm the efficacy of the drug candidates on a small scale (however, the number of patients varies greatly depending on the disease)
Ph3	Phase3	A study in humans. The main purpose is to determine the efficacy of the drug candidates on a large scale (however, the number of patients varies greatly depending on the disease)
NDA	New Drug Application	An application to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for approval to market a new drug

Disease/Drug		
LAMA	Long Acting Muscarinic Antagonist	An inhalant that dilates bronchial tubes and improves respiratory function by inhibiting the action of acetylcholine receptors (M3), which increase parasympathetic nerves.
LABA	Long Acting Beta2-Agonist	An inhalant that improves respiratory function by stimulating sympathetic beta2 receptors to dilate the bronchi.
ICS	Inhaled Corticosteroid	An inhalant that suppresses airway inflammation to prevent coughing attacks and other symptoms caused by asthma, also promotes the action of beta 2 stimulants and improve airway hyperresponsiveness.
mCRPC	Metastatic Castration–Resistant Prostate Cancer	Cancer that has spread (metastasized) beyond your prostate gland and for which hormone therapy is no longer effective in stopping or slowing the disease.
COPD	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	A group of diseases that causes damage to the bronchi and lung due to smoking or inhalation of toxic substances, resulting in breathing problems.
AD	Alzheimer's Disease	Alzheimer's disease is a progressive neurologic disorder that causes the brain to shrink (atrophy) and brain cells to die, the most common cause of dementia.
DLB	Dementia with Lewy Bodies	Protein deposits, called Lewy bodies, develop in nerve cells in the brain regions involved in thinking, memory and movement (motor control), the second most common type of dementia.







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